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VOL. III. NO. 227 LIMA, OHIO, MONDAY, NOVEMBER 27, 1899. PRICE:—Four Weeks 25 Cents.

A GUERRILA WAR.

Filip'no Council Decided That It Recognized the Futility of Further Resistance.

THEY WILL SCATTER IN SMALL BANDS.

News of Ambuscades and Skirmishes Come From Every Section of the Country Along the Railroads.

Province of Zamboanga, Island of Mindanoa, Surrenders to Commander Very, of the Castine, Unconditionally—Local Chiefs Declare Their Loyalty.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—Secretary Long received a cable from Adm. Watson stating that the entire province of Zamboanga, Island of Mindanoa, surrendered to Commander Very, of Castine, unconditionally, November 18. Delivery of all guns promised. Local chiefs declared themselves loyal.

MANILA, Nov. 27.—The last Filipino council of war was held by the retreating leaders at Bayambang on November 12, in the house now occupied by Gen. MacArthur. It was attended by Aguinaldo, Pio Del Pilar, Garcia, Alejandrino and some members of the so called cabinet. Information has reached Gen. MacArthur from several sources to the effect that the council recognized the futility of attempting further resistance to the Americans with united forces, and agreed that the Filipino troops should scatter and should hereafter follow guerrila methods.

Reports of ambuscades and skirmishes come from every section of the country along the railroads. Those districts seem to be filled with small bands. Saturday four men of Company D, ... infantry, were foraging beyond ... when ... took them in ambush ... one and capturing the other ... Americans resisted for half an hour.

The force ... at Tayabran Lieut. Frazer, ... followed the retreating Filipino several miles. The Americans found the body of the soldier killed. ... were the first ... Three Filipino riflemen ... an American surgeon near Capas. He shot one and the others fled. Between Bamban and Angeles a mule train was fired upon by the insurgents and a Spaniard, a former prisoner of the Filipinos who was with the train was shot.

At Malasiqui the officials who welcomed the Americans were murdered. This was the only Filipino town where the Americans did not garrison and in the night the troops withdrew a band of insurgents entered, dragged Ambrosio Mejia, president of the town into the street and cut his throat. The ... then assassinated the vice president and five members of the town council in the same manner and told the frightened natives who witnessed the slaughter to spread the news that a similar fate awaited all friends of Americans.

Military activity continues in every section. ... Bell's regiment has arrived from Bayambang upon Mangatarem where it is supposed there is a large insurgent force. Two battalions of the newly arrived 25th infantry have been sent to Caseces to Bacoor to reinforce the south line.

Maj Spence, with 50 men of the 22d regiment, surrounded a village near Barriston during the night and attacked the place at daybreak, capturing a Filipino captain and 15 men with seven rifles.

The latest news from Gen. Young is that there are ten cavalry men and 200 Macabbees with him, most of the horsemen who started having been compelled to drop out because their horses failed them.

The Filipinos took the American prisoners from Victoria to San Carlos. On the walls of the Victoria prison and of the San Carlos convent are the following names:

Civilians: George Langford, Thomas Haynes.

Soldiers: Harry Winfield, Phil Betterton, J. L. Salisbury, A. N. Gordon, ... Huff, Frank Stone, John Des..., George Sackett, David Scott, Martin Brennan, Tom Edwards, D. P. Curran, John Cronin, Charles Baker, C. L. Davis, Leland Smith.

On the walls of San Carlos convent were also found the following names: Civilians: Charles Bird, W. J. Sheehy, F. E. Huber.

Sailors: Edward Burke, battle ship Oregon, C. B. Powers, gunboat Urdaneta; John J. Farley, B J Greene, Tilden Herbert.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—The information contained in Adm. Watson's dispatch was received by the president and his advisors with unconcealed satisfaction. The surrender of the province of Zamboanga is regarded as the beginning of the end of the revolution in the island of Mandanoa, and it is believed will be a hard blow to those who are still endeavoring to maintain the insurrection in the island of Luzon.

On the 21st Watson cabled the navy department that Commander Very had captured the city of Zamboanga on the 16th. He was aided by friendly natives and Moros and was holding the town pending the arrival of reinforcements from Jolo. On the same day Gen. Otis informed the war department that he had ordered two companies of infantry to be sent to Zamboanga from Jolo.

Zamboanga is the principal city of the island of Mandanoa, which is the second largest island of the Philippine group. Advices from Adm. Watson indicate that the entire southern half of the island, which comprises the province of Zamboanga, has yielded to the American forces and acceded to the authority of the United States.

MANILA, Nov. 27.—Aguinaldo is still a fugitive, but the American cavalry, now much exhausted, are in hot pursuit. The cavalry horses are much in need of new shoes and good fodder. The hard work has told on them greatly.

Aguinaldo's mother, in her flight, got lost in the woods and was seized by natives who were unfriendly to Aguinaldo. Gen Wheaton reports that his men surprised the woman's captors and rescued her from them. Her young grandson was also taken, but the exposure, lack of food and fatigue consequent upon the flight of the fugitives caused the death of Aguinaldo's baby. It died at Bayambang.

TOWN MARSHAL KILLED.

Assaulted by Three Unknown Men—He Walked to a Hotel and Fell Dead While Washing Away the Blood.

TOLEDO, O., Nov. 27.—Deputy Marshal Eros Rath, of Hicksville, was killed while in the performance of his duties early Sunday morning by three unknown men, who have so far evaded capture, but who are, so the officers think, residents of the village. Rath was assaulted near the Wabash railroad, after having detected three men in an alley behind the Eureka ....

While making his rounds Rath saw the men in the alley. Upon being accosted all three men drew firearms, but were at such close range that one of them hit Rath on the head with the butt of his revolver, crushing in the skull. Death was not instantaneous, and Rath dragged himself to near the home of William Bricker, where he was again assaulted by the same men and kicked and beaten terribly. Mr Bricker heard Rath's cries and rescued him from the toughs, who made their escape.

Mr Bricker took Rath to the Swiller hotel. There the marshal walked into the washroom and commenced to wash the blood off his face, when he fell over and died. Rath was a married man and leaves a widow and one son.

Mrs. Leslie Carter Recovering.

COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 27.—Mrs. Leslie Carter is rapidly improving from her recent illness, and although no longer confined to her bed, she has not been permitted by her physicians to leave her room. It is expected she will be able to resume her present engagement at St. Louis. Her voice has not been impaired by the trouble in her throat.

Madman Caught.

BOWLING GREEN, O., Nov. 27.—John McNaly, the madman for whom the officers have been searching since Tuesday night, was captured at Wingston at noon Saturday by Sheriff Kingsbury and a deputy after a struggle.

Given a New Trial.

OTTAWA, O., Nov. 27.—Arthur B. Weller, who shot and killed Sol B. Wise and was convicted of manslaughter, has been granted a new trial, based on the judge's charge to the jury.

Electric Fan Makers to Organize.

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.—A series of meetings of the electric fan manufacturers of the country have been held at the Imperial hotel during the past week, and it has been decided to establish a permanent organization under the title of the American Association of Electrical Fan manufacturers.

THE MARKETS.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 25.

FLOUR—Spring fancy $3 10@3 25; spring family, $3 00@3 10, spring patent, $3 75@4 00; winter fancy $3 00@3 20, winter family, $2 35@2 70, winter patent, $3 20@3 60, extra, $2 00@2 25; low grade, $1 75@1 85, northwestern rye, $2 85@3 10, do city, $3 10@3 15.

WHEAT—Sales No 2 red track, 70c.

HOGS—Select shippers, $3 90, select butchers, $3 85@3 90, fair to good packers, $3 80@3 85, fair to good light, $3 85@3 95; common and roughs $3 40@3 70

CATTLE—Fair to good shippers, $4 10@5 50; good to choice butchers $4 ...@4 85; fair to medium butchers $3 35@4 10; common, $2 50@3 25.

SHEEP—Extras, $3 65@3 70, good to choice, $3 00@3 60, common to fair $2 00@2 75.

LAMBS—Extras, $4 90@5 00, good to choice, $4 50@4 85, common to fair, $3 25@4 25.

VEAL CALVES—Fair to good light $6 00@6 75; common and large $4 00@6 00.

CHICAGO Nov. 25.

WHEAT—December, 65⅝@66c, May, 70¼@70⅜c

CORN—November, 31¼c; December, 31¼@31⅜c; January, 31¼c; May, 32⅝@33c.

OATS—November, 22⅜c; December, 22⅜c; May, ...



MRS. GEORGE DEWEY, BRIDE OF THE ADMIRAL.

Mrs Mildred Hazen, who has just become the wife of Admiral Dewey, is one of Washington's social favorites. She was the widow of Gen. W. B. Hazen, to whom she was married in 1872. While living with her first husband she spent many years in the far west, in localities where it was extremely dangerous to venture outside the confines of military posts. Mrs Dewey is a sister of John R. McLean, editor of the Cincinnati Enquirer, and the possessor of a large fortune. Six years ago she was received into the Catholic church. She has been a friend of Admiral Dewey for many years.

FOUL PLAY SUSPECTED.

The Deaths of David M. Purdue and Daniel W. Pope at Lovett, Ga., Are to Be Investigated.

LOVETT, GA., Nov. 27.—The friends of David M. Pardue and Daniel W. Pope of this place, who died in Savannah during the recent confederate reunion, it is alleged, by reason of blowing out the gas in their room, claim that there is reason to believe the men were victims of foul play. They say both men had considerable money with him, which has never been accounted for, and their bodies showed signs of violence. The belief is current here that they were robbed and murdered, and some of their friends intend to go to Savannah at once and institute an investigation.

AMMONIA EXPLOSION.

The Big Plant of the Passaic Beef Co., Passaic, N. J., Destroyed, Entailing a Loss of $50,000.

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.—An explosion of ammonia resulting from fire, destroyed the big plant of the Passaic Beef Co., on Central avenue, Passaic, N. Y., Sunday. The loss was $50,000, covered by insurance.

The fire started in the smoke house and was soon followed by the explosion, which completely wrecked the building making it an easy prey for the flames.

Two employes of the company in the building were hurled through windows by the explosion of ammonia, which was used in making ice for the refrigerators. Seven thousand pounds of fat, 3,000 turkeys and 20,000 pounds of beef were destroyed.

The plant was owned by the Hammond Beef Co., of Hammond, Ind.

The cause of the fire is unknown.

Too Near the Target.

TOLEDO, O., Nov. 27.—John W. Rill, of 2347 Albion street, who was serving as marker for parties shooting at a target, was shot and may die. He got too near the target.

Hit by a Sledge Hammer.

CHILLICOTHE, O., Nov. Nov. 27.—Charles Smith, of Kingston, was fatally injured by being accidentally struck a terrific blow on the body with a sledge hammer.

Found the Body.

SANDUSKY, O., Nov. 27.—The body of John Murray, who mysteriously disappeared Tuesday, was found in the bay here Saturday. He was accidentally drowned.

Assaulted and Robbed.

COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 27.—Roy Maxwell, of 27 Hoffman avenue, was found behind a bill board, where he had been assaulted and robbed. He may die.

Fire at Blanchester.

BLANCHESTER, O., Nov. 27.—Minister & Fisher's grocery stock was destroyed by fire Sunday morning. Loss $2,500 insurance $1,500.

Fell and Broke His Neck.

BELLEFONTAINE, O., Nov. 27.—Simeon Jackson, aged 70 years, fell from a wagon and his neck was broken.

Drank Furniture Polish.

MASSILLON, O., Nov. 27.—The small child of Nathaniel Price drank a bottle of furniture polish. It can not recover.

VINCENNES, Ind., Nov. 27.—Prentice Lyons, aged 16, son of Engineer E Lyons, committed suicide at noon Sunday. The body was found hanging in the barn. He was not bright, mentally.

SHANGHAI, Nov. 27.—The first train through from Ta Lien Wan on the New Chwang & Munkden railway left on Friday for Port Arthur.

TERRIFIC EXPLOSION

Unknown Persons Placed Dynamite Beneath an Undertaking Establishment Near Terre Haute, Ind.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., Nov. 27.—Farmersburg, just across the county line, was the scene of a terrific explosion Sunday night about 9 o'clock. Some unknown persons placed dynamite beneath the undertaking establishment of W. J. Wood, of that place, and the explosion wrecked the building and broke window glass throughout the town. Wood promptly applied to police headquarters in this city for a detective and it is thought the perpetrators of the deed will be run down. The building and its contents are a complete wreck and the loss will be heavy.

Millionaire Dempsey's Will.

MACON, Ga., Nov. 27.—The threatened contest over the will of the late Thomas C. Dempsey, millionaire of Macon, who died last summer in Asbury Park, N. J., has been settled. All the property was left to his second wife, a New York woman. Her attorney announced Sunday night that a settlement with the dissatisfied heirs had been reached. The contest he says would have cost the estate $100,000. The terms of the settlement are not made public.

Dropped Dead on the Street.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Nov. 27.—Capt. Edwin V. Holcombe, superintendent of the dining and sleeping car service of the Great Northern railroad, dropped dead on the street here Sunday from heart disease. Capt. Holcombe was well known in the Mississippi river service in the early days as captain and pilot. He was born in Cincinnati, O., in 1834.

Died at Sea.

GIBRALTAR, Nov. 27.—On the arrival here Sunday of the Hamburg-American steamer Fuerst Bismarck, from New York, November 18 for Genoa and other Mediterranean ports, it was announced that George Clark, a saloon passenger, had died of heart disease.

Acquitted of Murder.

SEDALIA, Mo., Nov. 27.—J. H. Manigal, charged with murder in the first degree in killing Capt. Thomas C. Young, of Lexington, Mo., in September, 1898, was acquitted Sunday.

Rev Dr McGlynn Seriously Ill.

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.—Rev. Dr. Edward McGlynn is seriously ill at his home in Newburg, N. Y., suffering from congestion of the lungs, complicated with heart trouble.

Half the Town Burned.

BOWLING GREEN, O., Nov. 27.—Nearly half of the business portion of Weston, a town of 1,200 inhabitants, was burned Sunday. Twelve buildings, occupied by about 20 business firms, were destroyed. The loss is estimated at from $40,000 to $60,000, and the insurance about half. The fire started in the rear of a general merchandize store kept by Baldwin & Vetter.

Maj. John A. Logan's Will.

YOUNGSTOWN, O., Nov. 27.—The will of the late Maj John A. Logan has been offered for probate. The deceased left everything to his wife. The document was executed in Chicago, May 14, 1898, just before the major left to join his regiment. Robert Bentley was appointed guardian of the children.

Four Members of a Family Suicide.

BUCYRUS, O., Nov. 27.—The suicide of Jonathan Wagner is the fourth suicidal death in his family, all of them traceable to insanity. A fifth death was through insanity, but not suicidal. Wagoner took poison and ...

POLITICAL SITUATION.

It Is Believed Some Important Move Is to Be Made by the Goebel Side Early This Week.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Nov. 27.—A quiet Sunday brought a lull in the political situation to all outward appearances. There were no significant developments from Goebel headquarters though Goebel and his managers remained in conference during the day. There is a general impression outside that some important move is to be made by the Goebel side early this week and it is generally supposed that a mandatory injunction suit to prevent the state election board from counting the vote of Jefferson, Knox and Johnson county will be part of it, though this is not confirmed by any one in authority. It is doubtful if Gov. Bradley would recognize Goebel as governor if given a certificate of election by the state election board unless their action was in obedience to a ruling of the court. In that event it is believed he would resist no further, but advise Taylor to contest before the legislature. Neither Bradley, Taylor nor any other republican leaders believe the court of appeals, in the face of its decision in the Nelson county case Saturday, will grant an injunction and were Sunday more confident than ever that the state election board will give Taylor a certificate of election. In Taylor circles it is claimed that two of the three state commissioners, Ellis and Pryor will vote to stand by the vote in every county as it appears on the face of the returns.

MAJ. HOWARD'S REMAINS.

They Arrived in Omaha Monday and Were Met at the Station by a Delegation From Army Headquarters.

OMAHA, Neb., Nov. 27.—The remains of Maj. Guy Howard, son of Gen. O. O. Howard, who was killed recently in the Philippines, arrived in this city Monday over the Union Pacific from San Francisco. They were met at the station by a delegation from army headquarters and escorted to the home of the father-in-law of the deceased officer, Judge J. M. Woolworth, where later in the day funeral services were held.

The services were private. Maj Howard was well known in Omaha, having spent some time here while his father was in command of the department of the Platte. His marriage occurred here and was a prominent society event.

Flood in the Trinity River.

FORT WORTH, Tex., Nov. 27.—The rapid rise in the Trinity river has assumed serious proportions. Much damage to property and cattle has been reported and Sunday night word comes from the country immediately north of Fort Worth that several families are hemmed in by the high waters with little hope for immediate rescue. The river stands 30 feet and is steadily rising.

A Strike Probable.

OMAHA, Neb., Nov. 27.—The outlook Sunday night is excellent for a strike of union printers, pressmen, pressfeeders and bookbinders employed in job offices Monday. The nine-hour day goes into effect here Monday and the men want nine and a half hours wages along with it. This the typothetae refuses to grant.

American Fishing Schooner Fined.

ST. JOHNS, N. F., Nov. 27.—The American fishing schooner A. E. Whyland, Capt. Peoples, which has been loading herring in the Bay of Islands, has been fined $100 for a breach of the colonial fishing regulations. The latter are being rigorously enforced this season to prevent damage to the fisheries.

The Georgia Prohibition Bill.

ATLANTA, Ga., Nov. 27.—The committee on temperance of the state is expected to meet Tuesday for the purpose of considering the Willingham state prohibition bill. The best information is that it will report favorably, but it is not thought probable the measure will pass the senate.

Death of Mrs Henrietta H McCormick.

CHICAGO, Nov. 27.—Mrs. Henrietta Hamilton McCormick, a pioneer resident of Chicago, and the wife of Leander J. McCormick, one of the founders of the McCormick reaper works, died Sunday night. She was a victim of cerbral apoplexy at the advanced age of 77 years.

Pioneer Manufacturer Dead.

KANSAS CITY, Nov. 27.—Robert Weston, a pioneer manufacturer of wagons and plows, well known to travelers on the old Santa Fe trail, died at his home at Independence, Sunday, of Bright's disease. He was born in Green county, Ky., in 1817.

Vessel Overdue.

ST. JOHNS, N. F., Nov. 27.—The British steamer Bonnavista, Capt. Frazer, from Montreal for this port, is three days overdue. It is feared she has ...

GRAS PAN BATTLE

Fighting Was Desperate Until 10 a. m., When the Heights Were Carried by British.

GEN. LORD METHUEN WAS IN COMMAND.

Boers Retreated on the Line Where the Ninth Lancers Were Placed to Intercept Them.

In the Battle the Boers Showed the Greatest Stubborness, and Must Have Suffered Heavily—In Thursday's Fight Eighty-One Boers Were Killed.

LONDON, Nov. 27.—Sunday afternoon the war office posted the following dispatch, dated Cape Town, 12:30 p. m. Sunday, from Gen-Forestier-Walker:

"Lord Methuen reports that he moved yesterday (Saturday) at 3:30 a. m, with the 9th brigade, the mounted corps, the naval brigade and two batteries, the guards following with the baggage. Near Gras Pan (about ten miles north of Belmont, on the railway line to Kimberley) and 2,500 Boers with six guns and two machine guns opposed him. The action began at 6 a. m. Our batteries fired shrapnel very accurately till the heights seemed clear. Then the naval brigade and infantry advanced to the assault. The fighting was desperate until 10 a. m., when the heights were carried. The Boers retreated on the line where the 9th lancers were placed to intercept them. The result was not known at the time of telegraphing. The artillery took immediate advantage of the enemy's retirement.



LIEUT. GEN. LORD METHUEN.

"Early in the action 500 Boers attacked our rear guard. The brigade met this and also protected the flanks. The naval brigade acted with the greatest gallantry and suffered heavily, but no particulars are yet known.

"The enemy showed the greatest stubbornness and must have suffered greatly. Twenty were buried. It is known that 31 were killed and 48 wounded. More than 50 horses were found dead in one place. One battery fired 500 rounds.

"Our force must halt one day at Gras Pan to rest and replenish ammunition. The force worked splendidly and is prepared to overcome many difficulties.

"The naval brigade, the royal marines, the light infantry and the first battalion of the North Lancashire regiment especially distinguished themselves.

"Regarding Thursday's fight, 81 Boers killed are accounted for; 64 wagons were burned; a large quantity of powder, 50,000 rounds of ammunition and 750 shells were blown up. Commandant Albrecht, chief of the Orange Free State artillery, commanded the Boer artillery. Gen. Rolewy was in chief command."

CAPE TOWN, Nov. 27.—The Boers occupied Stormberg, Cape Colony, Sunday morning.

Safe Wrecked by Dynamite.

BLUFF CITY, Kan., Nov. 27.—Robbers Saturday night touched off a quantity of dynamite that wrecked the safe and the front end of the state bank here and escaped with $1,000 in gold, besides some silver and bills. This is the eighth Kansas bank to be robbed by safe crackers within three weeks. The safe of the state bank of Clearwater, Kan., was blown open Friday night and $300 in cash and a number of notes taken.

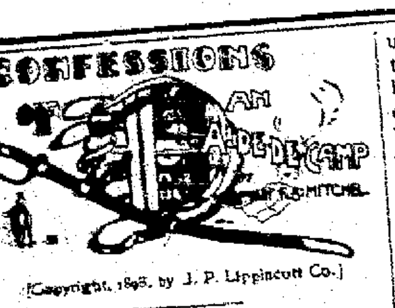
Wallace Ross Dead.

LONDON, Nov. 27.—Wallace Ross, the ex-oarsman, died Sunday at Charing Cross hospital after a brief illness. He had been at Earlscourt exhibition ...

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MANY



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SYNOPSIS.

CHAPTER I.—Gen. Heath is ordered to report to headquarters at Chattanooga. An aide is present at the interview. The general is shown an order for his arrest and court-martial, and is then assigned to special duty to watch a contemplated movement of Longstreet's corps. He accepts.

CHAPTER II.—Gen. Heath leaves Chattanooga with 500 men, his brigade, and moves out to Morganton's cross-roads. On the way he meets with a girl he knows who lives at the place he is to make his headquarters. He insists on her returning with his troops. At her home it is thought a face was seen at the window, but a search through the house revealed no suspicious persons. Lieut. Hall, the aide, is placed in charge of the young lady with orders to watch her and question her carefully. She claims.

CHAPTER III.—When questioned she said her mother is for the confederacy and herself for the union. At night she is caught in the kitchen attempting to burn a paper which contains the plans of Burnside's defenses at Knoxville. She is confined under guard as a spy.

CHAPTER IV.—Gen. Heath's command is attacked by confederates, but they are beaten off. During the fight Lieut. Hall again sees a mysterious face at the window.

CHAPTER V.—Gen. Heath accepts a parole from Miss Beach at the suggestion of Lieut. Hall, who proposes to answer for her. During the night she slips out of the house and escapes.

CHAPTER VI.—The federal troops are surprised at night and in the fight Lieut. Hall is captured.

CHATER VII.—Lieut. Hall is taken before a confederate, Maj. Berante, who had been a classmate of Gen. Heath at West Point and served with him in the west. He claimed to have an incriminating letter written by Heath offering to surrender his command in the army to the mayor of a southern town in which he was stationed. Hall sees the letter. Margaret Beach turns up and at night assists Hall to escape.

hurrying in, and so wrapt in some purpose, so filled with anxiety, as was plain in every line of her countenance, that she did not recognize me until I was right upon her.

"Margaret Beach, what in the name of heaven are you doing here?"

The surprise and horror with which she looked at me! She stopped, started on, stopped again, cast a quick glance at my guard, and I thought she was about to speak to me; but, though the man was sufficiently relaxed in his watching to permit it, she passed on without a word and entered the room I had left.

The guard took me back to the other prisoners, and before leaving he ordered me to turn my pockets inside out, stating that prisoners were not allowed to retain any articles on their persons, and thus reclaimed Maj. Berante's receipt for the letter I had won. I cared nothing for the paper, and gave it up readily.

I spent the day with plenty of food for thought, if none for the stomach.



Berante blew out the flame.

There was evidence of treachery on the part of the general; there was a violation of parole on the part of Margaret Beach; while I, who had always been sensitive to my honor, had lied like a pirate and cheated at cards, only to be despoiled of my winnings. But what puzzled me most was Berante's asking if the general was making love to Margaret. Yet I knew Berante to be such an arrant rascal that I believed he had some concealed motive for asking the question. However, self-preservation and the love of liberty overweighed all other considerations, and I soon fell to laying plans for escape. I felt hopeful as to eluding my guards and leaving the place where I was held captive. Union prisoners of war, when not confined in a regularly appointed prison, often found it easy to get away from their captors; the trouble was to reach the union lines. Indeed, many an escaped prisoner, after wandering about without food or shelter, finally gave himself up to avoid starvation. I surveyed our little camp and noted the situation. Three sides of a square were guarded by sentinels, while the fourth was protected by wagons. If I could get under one of these wagons I might escape through the bushes on the other side.

As night came on a bleak wind arose and I kept close to the campfire in the center of our prison square. The sentinels were watchful, and I gave up any hope I may have had of an early attempt to get away, and, turning my back to the blaze, fell asleep. I awoke with the consciousness that some one was looking at me. Sitting up, I rubbed my eyes. The fire was nearly out, the sentries lounging on their posts, only one of them pacing his beat. I called to him and asked what time of night it was.

"Wall, Yank, I reckon it's about time fo' that relief to turn out, 'n' that's at ten er tharabout."

I was about to lie down again, when [illegible] over me that

under one of the wagons, peering into the darkness, I saw what at first was little more than two eyes; then I made out the face of a woman. She was lying flat on the ground, her head raised so that she could look at me. At last I recognized Margaret Beach. She signaled to me, putting her fingers to her lips, warning me not to attract the attention of the guard. It was plain that she wished to assist me to escape. I shook my head, giving her at the same time a glance of contempt, but she persevered, and I was so anxious to regain my liberty that at last I felt willing—I admit it with a blush—to accept assistance from one who, if true to me, was certainly a menace to the union cause. I intimated by a look that I would act with her, and she at once disappeared from under the wagon.

I wondered what she would do. I had not long to wait, for in a few minutes I heard one of the sentries give the customary challenge: "Who comes there?" Then I saw by the firelight Margaret approaching the guard. What she said I could not hear, but saw that she was talking to him earnestly. The two other sentries left their beats and went to hear what she was saying. I judged that she was inventing a story of some threatened danger. She stood outside the guard-line, thus contriving to place the listening sentinels so that their backs were turned toward their prisoners. The fire was fortunately low, though one brand persisted in burning brightly. Seizing it, I smothered it in the ashes; then, while the sentries' faces were turned from me, I rolled toward the nearest wagon, maintaining my rigidity like a mummy blown by the wind. Half the distance was accomplished when one of the men turned to go to his beat, to reach which he must come directly toward me. Margaret quickly called him back. Making a few rapid turns, I rolled under the wagon, then got up and ran like a deer.

VIII.

PERILS OF A NIGHT.

Emerging from the wood through which I had fled from the confederate bivouac, I jumped a rail fence and stood in a cornfield. I could not be more than a dozen miles from the plantation, and, believing the general had returned to his headquarters, I resolved to go there. The difficulty was to find the way. Fortunately, the night was clear and I could see the stars. I knew the north star, and to the southwest recognized a hill with a crest of trees which loomed against the horizon and which I was quite sure lay near the plantation. Knowing something of the direction from my starry compass, I felt confident that by making the hill my objective point I would not go far amiss.

After making these observations, which did not occupy a tenth of the time I have taken to mention them, I dashed across the field. I had gone but a short distance, when, glancing aside, I saw a figure getting over the fence which inclosed the field on the north. I stopped, as much from a paralysis of terror as from a wish to know whom I would have to encounter. The figure dropped to the ground and made straight toward me. As it approached I was relieved to see that it was a woman, and delighted when I recognized Margaret Beach.

"Am I missed?"

"Yes. Quick!"

By consenting impulse we both made for a low growth of timber not a hundred yards below. I asked no explanation as to what had happened, but knew long after that my passage through the bushes had been heard, and while the guards were discussing the matter and counting the prisoners Margaret had slipped away. What was now most important was a hiding-place, and we lost no time in reaching the edge of a creek. I looked about for some place of concealment; my eyes fell on a dark corner in a bend of the creek, where some driftwood was heaped against a log lying partly on the bank and partly in the water. I motioned to Margaret to get behind the log, and bounded after her. Then I pulled the drift-wood so as to cover us, and waited.

Oh, the excitement of those few minutes! My heart thumped against my breast, I trembled all over, and it was almost impossible for me to keep from throwing off our covering of wood and pushing onward. Indeed, my impulse got the better of me, and I started to rise, but Margaret held me down. I had no further opportunity, for in another moment there was a sound of boots among the stubble of the cornfield, and some men jumped the fence on the hither side. One dashed into the creek, across it, and hurried away on the farther bank. Another crossed lower down. Two more came to the bank and paused.

"Reckon he's som'r's 'bout hyar."

"Too near. He'd likely go further 'thout stoppin'."

"Don' know 'bout that. This timber's a good place fo' hidin'. I'm goin' ter look hyar; you go on if y' like; I want ter see what's behind that log afo' I go."

He descended to the creek, advanced in the rocky bed, came to the end of the log that lay in the water, and, balancing himself by extending his arms, ascended the incline. The disadvantage of his position appeared to me like a flash. Placing my hands on the log, I vaulted onto it, and, before the man could recover from his surprise, clasped him round the chest under his extended arms. We went down together, he on his back, I on top of him, into shallow water. His skull struck the solid rock, and he lay motionless. I got up unhurt. Climbing the log I looked down into our hiding-place. There lay Margaret in a dead faint. Scooping some water from the creek into my hands, I threw it in her face. It revived her and in a few minutes she was up.

[illegible] I seized her by the

She cast a glance at the man lying in the creek, and shuddered. We climbed the opposite bank and stood on the edge of the timber. There were only two men in sight; they were pushing on together without looking back. Not far in advance of where we stood, in the center of an open field was a haycock. It was the first and only place of refuge I could see, and I had no time to waste. Dragging Margaret after me, we staggered across the field, keeping the haycock between us and the men in advance; once there we plunged under the hay. It was the worst possible place to hide, for it would be the first place one would be likely to search. The absurdity of staying there soon struck both of us. I crawled out cautiously, but scrambled back on mistaking a stump for a man; waited, crawled out again, listened, stood up, and looked about me. A hundred yards away, in the direction I wanted to go, was more timber. Could I reach it without being seen? The men in advance had passed on, making to the left, but there was great risk in passing over the open ground between the haycock and the woods, as other searchers might still be coming. I cursed my stupidity in getting into the center of an open field, for I now saw that I could have gone around it, skirting the edge of the woods. But it would never do to stay where we were, and I was about to call Margaret to come out, when a man emerged from the woods in the direction of the rebel camp. I was standing out where he could see me plainly.

At last it was all up with us.

"Hev y' sarched the hay?" he called. Heaven be praised! He was mistaking me for one of his comrades.

"Reckon," I replied.

"Nothin' thar?"

"Nothin' but fodder."

Without a word he started off down the creek.

"Come," I whispered to Margaret, as soon as he was out of sight.

She crawled out; I helped her to her feet, and we started for the wood. And now suppose we should encounter some of the searchers in the timber? It was more than likely that we would. I fancied it full of armed men and every man pointing a carbine at me, ready to call on me to surrender the moment I reached the edge. And no sooner would they discover the man I had left in the creek than they would dash my brains out with the butt of a gun or shoot me down.

We hurried on and at last reached cover. Once there, we stopped and listened. All was still. We leaned against a tree, not so much for rest as to give our hearts time to stop thumping. But we dared to remain only a moment. I took Margaret by the hand and led her trembling onward. I looked up for the north star, got my bearings, and, turning to the southwest, there was the crested hill.

"Do you see that hill?" I asked of Margaret.

"Yes."

"Isn't it near your home?"

"Yes."

"Good! we'll go for it."

We started on, walking briskly, for hope had come to give us strength. There was timber on either hand; we kept a sharp lookout ahead, intending to dodge into the woods in case we should stumble on any of our pursuers. Passing a plantation, I trembled as I heard the low growl of a dog, but we shot in among trees on the opposite side and got by without further attracting his attention.

Sometimes we left the road to take to the woods, sometimes crossed fields, followed by-paths, always keeping our eyes on the crested hill. When exhausted we rested in a secluded spot, then arose and trudged on till we were again exhausted, then rested anew. The distance we traversed was, as the crow flies, not more than six or seven miles, but there were hills and ravines and creeks, and obstacles of every kind, and when we followed the roads they all led the wrong way. However, the nearer we got to our goal the better Margaret knew the way, and at last she was enabled to point it out through by-paths and patches of wood till we came to the base of the hill. Slowly we climbed the ascent, and at last, standing on the summit, by the light of early dawn saw beneath us the plantation.

Thank heaven! There are the stars and stripes flying in the yard, the white tents, the sentinels pacing, the lines of horses tethered to the horizontal poles. Oh, the exhilaration of the sight!

"Margaret," I cried, "we are safe. See, there is the plantation."

"I'm glad for your sake."

"Why not for your own?"

She shook her head mournfully. In a moment the position she occupied occurred to me.

"Oh, Margaret, how could you break your parole?"

She was silent.

"You agreed not to aid the rebel cause, and you went straight from our camp to theirs."

Still she gave no reply.

Then I fell to thinking, conjuring up all sorts of plans by which she might escape the consequences of her act. They were all worthless. At last in despair I exclaimed: "Go back; rejoin the confederates, and never see the general again."

She laid her hand on my sleeve to stay my heated judgment, but did not speak—made no defense. Then she started on. I hung back.

"Are you coming?"

She turned and looked at me. In my father's house at home hung a picture of Iphigenia going to the sacrifice, turning to look at the musicians behind her. The melancholy of the girl's eyes had haunted me from boyhood. I saw it now in Margaret's.

To be Continued.

MONUMENT TO FAMOUS WOMAN

Romance of the Past and Present Centuries Is Recalled—Stolen by Indians When a Babe.

On May 20 of next year the memorial monument to Frances Slocum, "the last sister of Wyoming," will be unveiled in the Indian cemetery, 12 miles from Wabash, Ind., in which rest the remains of the woman whose romantic story never grows tiresome, although told a thousand times.

In 1776, three years after the Wyoming massacre in Pennsylvania, Frances Slocum, then four years old, was carried away by the Indians. No trace was had of the little one until 1780, and it was not until 1786 that an attempt was made to find her.

In 1807 Mrs. Slocum, mother of Frances, died. The five sons and brothers never wearied in the search for their sister. After 30 years of untiring effort they were rewarded, and then the discovery was made by pure accident. George W. Ewing, an Indian trader, found the lost one in the valley of the Wabash. She was, of course, an old woman, and had become so wedded to the ways of the red man that she showed no emotion whatever at being united with her family once more. She had married an Indian, and her daughters had married Indians and half breeds.

In 1840 when the Miamis were forced to go west, the government made an exception in the case of Frances, who, with her relatives, was permitted to remain. She could not hear separation from her tribe, however, and died in 1847, after a few years of listlessness and lassitude. Her descendants are numerous in Indiana and Pennsylvania.

Novel Use of Bed Springs.

A bright woman with an inventive mind has taken two old spring beds which have done duty in their intended roles until old age has broken their wires and reduced their slats to a pitiful state of decrepitude, fastened them against her back fence, and already trained vines are beginning to creep about their unsightliness and peep through the slats, with a promise of blossoms later on which will turn the old spring beds into a glory of crimson and gold; and it is safe to say when the time comes no one who is not initiated into the secret will be able to tell the foundation of the trailing vines.—Pittsburgh Dispatch.

Turkey in Cups.

Take a quart of cold turkey chopped fine, add two tablespoonfuls of butter, one cupful of milk, salt, pepper and parsley to taste, rub to a smooth paste, then add the whites of six eggs beaten stiff, bake in custard cups for half an hour, standing the cups in a pan of water.—Housewife.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

PAPER AND WOOD PULP.

The importation of wood pulp into Italy is greatly on the increase.

Norway supplied Great Britain with twice as much ground wood pulp last year as the United States, Canada, Sweden and Holland combined.

Paper shingles have been introduced into Japan by an enterprising Tokio firm as a substitute for the wooden article. The new idea is a slab of thick tarred pasteboard, more easily managed than ordinary shingles and costing only half as much.

EXPORTS OF MANUFACTURES.

Show an Increase of $50,000,000 for Nine Months of 1899 Over Same Period of 1898.

Exports for the nine months ending with September were $902,466,318, as against $869,278,144 in 1898. Exports of agricultural products decreased about $30,000,000, or from $571,280,301 to $542,114,469, while those of manufactures show an increase of $50,000,000, or from $227,822,045 to $277,502,649. The products of the mines and forests increased materially, those of the forests from $30,775,573 to $36,129,159, and mines from $19,159,887 to $23,640,720. The decrease in agricultural products is more in the reduction of values than in amounts. Exportations of wheat fell off 14,000,000 bushels, but the value fell off $33,000,000. The total exportations of wheat were 82,000,000 bushels, valued at $62,000,000, while in the corresponding month in the previous year 96,000,000 bushels, valued at $95,000,000, were exported. In 1899 13,966,591 barrels of flour, valued at $52,786,029, were exported, as against 11,193,409 barrels, valued at $50,760,865.

BRONCHITIS

Bronchitis is very pravalent. It generally begins with a common cold, attended with cough, hoarseness, soreness of the lungs, tightness of the chest and difficulty in breathing. If not cured, it becomes dangerous—thousands die from bronchitis annually. Dr. John W. Bull's Cough Syrup is the best remedy for this disease; it relieves the cough at once, eases expectoration, and cures in a few days.

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A Chicago Romance.

He aimed the pistol at her snow-white bosom; he fired—and the fatal bullet sped on its cruel mission of death.

"O Gustavus!" she cried, "I will be yours."

He sprang lightly forward. With one deft blow he struck from its course the flying bullet. Harmless it dropped to the conservatory floor. Clasping the fair girl to his manly breast, he exclaimed: "Darling, I was hasty! Forgive me!"

"The fault was wholly mine, Gustavus," was the murmuring response. "All is forgiven." And the happy pair returned to the ballroom and the dizzy mazes of the waltz.—Harlem Life.

Geo Noland, Rockland, O, says, "My wife had piles forty years. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cured her. It is the best salve in America." It heals everything and cures all skin diseases. H F Vortkamp, northeast corner Main and North streets.

The Sick Man's Grievance.

Just as soon as things begin to taste right to a sick person, the Atchison (Kan.) Globe pointedly says, the neighbors stop sending things in.

More Impressive Than Niagara.

The Gersoppa falls, on the Sharavatti river, in South Kanara, India, are larger and more magnificent than Niagara. The water makes a clear drop of 830 feet.

You never know what form of blood poison will follow constipation. Keep the liver clean by using DeWitt's Little Early Risers and you will avoid trouble. They are famous little pills for constipation and liver and bowel troubles. H F Vortkamp, northeast cor. Main and North streets.

JULIA ARTHUR STOPS PLAY.

Curtain Drawn While Offensive Persons Are Asked to Leave New York Theater.

Julia Arthur, exasperated by the talk and laughter of two persons in the auditorium at New York the other night, interrupted her performance of "More Than Queen" and ordered that the curtain be drawn. The spectators who had disturbed her were a man and woman who occupied an upper box. When the curtain fell Miss Arthur appeared in front of it and said:

"Ladies and Gentlemen: I don't wish to seem impatient. Persons in an upper box, whom you have noticed, I am sure, have disturbed me so much that I am afraid to play again while they talk and laugh. I wish they would go."

They made no sign of going, but a man who went to them from the auditorium persuaded them to leave the playhouse. The curtain was raised and the third act of the play was continued.

Oldest Fountain in America.

In the center of the plaza in Lima is a pretty bronze fountain that was erected in 1575, a gift from some noble Spaniard, and is probably the oldest fountain in America.

"I wouldn't be without DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve for any consideration," writes Thos B Rhodes, Centerfield, O. Infallible for piles, cuts, burns and skin diseases. Beware of counterfeits. H F Vorthamp, northeast corner Main and North streets.

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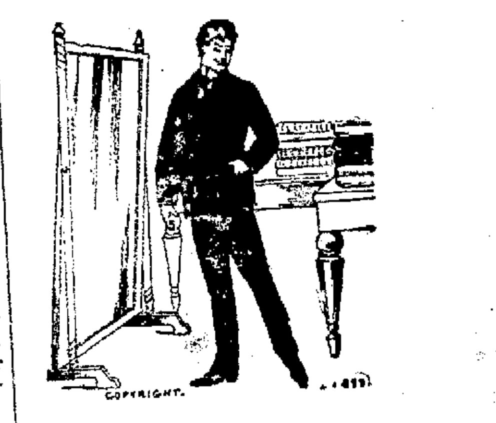
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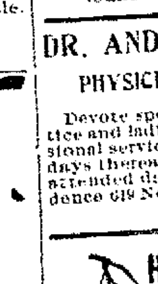
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THE COMING SERMON.

Dr. Talmage on Future Modes of Preaching the Gospel.

How He Thinks Religious Truths Should Be Presented—Says Ministers Should Preach the Living Christ.

(Copyright, 1899, by Louis Klopsch.)

In this discourse Dr. Talmage addresses all Christian workers and describes what he thinks will be the modes of preaching the Gospel in the future; text, Romans 12:7: "Or ministry, let us wait on our ministering."

While I was seated on the piazza of a hotel at Lexington, Ky., one summer evening, a gentleman asked me: "What do you think of the coming sermon?" I supposed he was asking me in regard to some new discourse of Dr. Cumming, of London, who sometimes preached startling sermons, and I replied: "I have not seen it." But I found out afterward that he meant to ask what I thought would be the characteristics of the coming sermon of the world, the sermons of the future, the word "coming" as a noun pronounced the same as the word "coming" as an adjective. But my mistake suggested to me a very important and practical theme, "The Coming Sermon."

Before the world is converted the style of religious discourse will have to be converted. You might as well go into the modern Sudan or Gettysburg with bows and arrows, instead of rifles and bombshells and parks of artillery, as to expect to conquer this world for God by the old style of exhortation and sermonology. Jonathan Edwards preached the sermons most adapted to the age in which he lived. But if those sermons were preached now they would divide an audience into two classes—those sound asleep and those wanting to go home.

But there is a discourse of the future. Who will preach it I have no idea. In what part of the earth it will be born I have no idea. In which denomination of Christians it will be delivered I cannot guess. That discourse of exhortation may be born in the country meeting house on the banks of the St. Lawrence or the Oregon or the Ohio or the Tombigbee or the Alabama. The person who shall deliver it may this moment be in a cradle under the shadow of the Sierra Nevadas or in a New England farmhouse or amid the reefields of southern savannas, or this moment there may be some young man in one of our theological seminaries, in the junior or middle or senior class, shaping that weapon of power or there may be coming some new baptism of the Holy Ghost on the churches, so that some of us who now stand in the watchtowers of Zion, waking to a realization of our present inefficiency, may preach it ourselves. That coming sermon may not be 50 years off. Let us pray God that its arrival may be hastened while I announce to you what I think will be the chief characteristics of that discourse or exhortation as it does arrive, and I will make my remarks appropriate to suggestive to all classes of Christian workers.

First of all, I remark that that future religious discourse will be full of a living Christ in contradistinction to didactic technicalities. A discourse may be full of Christ though hardly mentioning His name, and a sermon may be empty of Christ while every sentence is repetition of His titles. The world wants a living Christ, not a Christ standing at the head of a formal system of theology, but a Christ who means pardon and sympathy and condolence and brotherhood and arm and Heaven, a poor man's Christ, an overworked Christ, an invalid's Christ, a farmer's Christ, a merchant's Christ, an artisan's Christ, an every man's Christ.

A symmetrical and fine worded system of theology is well enough for theological classes, but it has no more business in a pulpit than have the technical phrases of an anatomist or a psychologist or a physician in the sickroom of a patient. The world wants help, immediate and world uplifting, and it will come through a discourse in which Christ shall walk right down into the immortal soul and take everlasting possession of it, filling it as full of light as is this noonday firmament.

That sermon or exhortation of the future will not deal with men in the threadbare illustrations of Jesus Christ. In that coming address there will be instances of vicarious suffering taken right out of everyday life, for there is not a day when somebody is not dying for others—as the physician saving his diphtheritic patient by sacrificing his own life; as the ship captain going down with his vessel while he is getting his passengers into the lifeboat; as the fireman consuming in the burning building while he is taking a child out of a fourth-story window; as in summer the strong swimmer at East Hampton or Long Branch or Cape May or Lake George himself perished trying to rescue the drowning; as the newspaper boy one summer, supporting his mother for some years, his invalid mother, when offered by a gentleman 50 cents to get some special paper, and he got it, and rushed up in his anxiety to deliver it and was crushed under the wheels of the train and lay on the grass with only strength enough to say: "Oh, what will become of my poor, sick mother now?" Vicarious suffering—the world is full of it. An engineer said to me on a locomotive in Dakota: "We men seem to be coming to better appreciation than we used to. Did you see that account the other day of an engineer who to save his passengers stuck to his place, and when he was found dead in the locomotive, which was upside down, he was found still smiling, his hand on the airbrake?" And as the engineer said it to me he put his hand on the airbrake to illustrate his meaning, and I looked at him and thought, "You would be just as much a hero in the same crisis." Oh, in that religious discourse of the future there will be living illustrations taken right out from everyday life of vicarious suffering—illustrations that will bring to mind the Gospel sacrifice of Him who in the high places of the field, on the cross, fought our battles and endured our sufferings for us.

A German sculptor made an image of Christ, and he asked his little child, two years old, who it was, and she said: "That must be some very great man." The sculptor was displeased with the criticism, so he got another block of marble and chiseled away on it two or three years, and then he brought in his little child, four or five years of age, and said to her: "Who do you think that is?" She said: "That must be the One who took little children in His arms and blessed them." Then the sculptor was satisfied. Oh, my friends, what the world wants is not a cold Christ, not an intellectual Christ, not a severely magisterial Christ, but a loving Christ, spreading out His arms of sympathy to press the whole world to His loving heart!

But I remark also that the religious discourse of the future of which I speak will be a popular discourse. There are those in these times who speak of a popular sermon as though there must be something wrong about it. As these critics are dull themselves, the world gets the impression that a sermon is good in proportion as it is stupid. Christ was the most popular preacher the world ever saw and, considering the small number of the world's population, had the largest audiences ever gathered. He never preached anywhere without making a great sensation. People rushed out in the wilderness to hear Him reckless of their physical necessities. So great was their anxiety to hear Christ that, taking no food with them, they would have fainted and starved had not Christ performed a miracle and fed them. Why did so many people take the truth at Christ's hands? Because they all understood it. He illustrated His subject by a hen and her chickens, by a bushel measure, by a handful of salt, by a bird's flight and by a lily's aroma. All the people knew what he meant, and they flocked to Him. And when the religious discourse of the future appears it will not be Princetonian, not Rochesterian, not Andoverian, not Middletonian, but Christic—plain, practical, unique, earnest, comprehensive of all the woes, wants, sins and sorrows of an auditory.

But when the exhortation or discourse does come there will be a thousand gleaming sorcerers to charge on it. There are in so many theological seminaries professors telling young men how to preach, themselves not knowing how, and I am told that if a young man in some of our theological seminaries says anything quaint or striking or unique faculty and students fix at him and set him right and straighten him out and smooth him down and chop him off until he says everything just as everybody else says it. Oh, when the future religious discourse of the Christian church arrives all the churches of Christ in our great cities will be thronged! The world wants spiritual help. All who have buried their dead want comfort. All know themselves to be mortal and to be immortal, and they want to hear about the great future. I tell you, my friends, if the people of our great cities who have had trouble only thought they could get practical and sympathetic help in the Christian church, there would not be a street in Washington or New York or any other city which would be passable on the Sabbath day if there were a church on it, for all the people would press to that asylum of mercy, that great house of comfort and consolation.

A mother with a dead babe in her arms came to the god Siva and asked to have her child restored to life. The god Siva said to her: "You can get a handful of mustard seed from a house in which there has been no sorrow and in which there has been no death, and I will restore your child to life." So the mother went out, and she went from house to house and from home to home looking for a place where there had been no sorrow and where there had been no death, but she found none. She went back to the god Siva and said: "My mission is a failure. You see, I haven't brought the mustard seed. I can't find a place where there has been no sorrow and no death." "Oh!" said the god Siva. "Understand, your sorrows are no worse than the sorrows of others. We all have our griefs, and all have our heartbreaks."

Laugh, and the world laughs with you;
Weep, and you weep alone;
For the sad old earth must borrow its mirth,
But has trouble enough of its own.

We hear a great deal of discussion now all over the land about why people do not go to church. Some say it is because Christianity is dying out and because people do not believe in the truth of God's Word, and all that. The reason is because our sermons and exhortations are not interesting and practical and helpful. Some one might as well tell the whole truth on this subject, and so I will tell it. The religious discourse of the future, the Gospel sermon to come forth and shake the nations and lift people out of darkness, will be a popular sermon, just for the simple reason that it will meet the wants and the wants and the anxieties of the people.

There are in all our denominations ecclesiastical mummies sitting around to frown upon the fresh young pulpits of America to try to awe them down to cry out: "Tut, tut, tut! Sensational!" They stand to-day preaching in churches that hold a thousand people and there are a hundred persons present, and if they cannot have the world saved in their way it seems as if they do not want it saved at all.

I do not know but the old way of making ministers of the Gospel is better—a collegiate education and an apprenticeship under the care and home attention of some earnest, aged Christian minister, the young man getting the patriarchal spirit and assisting him in his religious service. Young lawyers study with old lawyers, young physicians with old physicians, and I believe it would be a great help if every young man studying for the Gospel ministry could get himself in the home and heart and sympathy and under the benediction and perpetual presence of a Christian minister.

But I remark again, the religious discourse of the future will be an awakening sermon. From altar rail to the front door step, under that sermon, an audience will get up and start for Heaven. There will be in it many a staccato passage. It will not be a lullaby. It will be a battle charge. Men will drop their sins, for they will feel the hot breath of pursuing retribution on the back of their necks. It will be sympathetic with all the physical distresses as well as the spiritual distresses of the world. Christ not only preached, but he healed paralysis, and he healed epilepsy, and he healed the dumb and the blind and the lepers.

That religious discourse of the future will be an everyday sermon, going right down into every man's life, and it will teach him how to vote, how to bargain, how to plow, how to do any work he is called to do, how to wield trowel and pen and pencil and yardstick and plane. And it will teach women how to preside over their households and how to educate their children and how to imitate Miriam and Esther and Vashti and Eunice, the mother of Timothy, and Mary, the mother of Christ, and those women who on northern and southern battlefields who were mistaken by the wounded for angels of mercy, fresh from the throne of God.

Yes, I have to tell you, the religious discourse of the future will be a reported sermon. If you have any idea that printing was invented simply to print secular books, and stenography and phonography were contrived merely to set forth secular ideas, you are mistaken. The printing press is to be the great agency of Gospel proclamation. It is high time that good men, instead of denouncing the press, employ it to scatter forth the Gospel of Jesus Christ. The vast majority of people in our cities do not come to church, and nothing but the printed sermon can reach them and call them to pardon and life and peace and Heaven.

So I cannot understand the nervousness of some of my brethren of the ministry. When they see a newspaper man coming in they say: "Alas, there is a reporter!" Every added reporter is 1,000, 50,000, 100,000 immortal souls added to the auditory. The time will come when all the village, town and city newspapers will reproduce the Gospel of Jesus Christ, and sermons preached on the Sabbath will reverberate all around the world, and, some by type and some by voice, all nations will be evangelized.

The practical bearing of this is upon those who are engaged in Christian work, not only upon theological students and young ministers, but upon all who preach the Gospel and all who exhort in meetings and all of you if you are doing your duty. Do you exhort in prayer meeting? Be short and spirited. Do you teach in Bible class? Though you have to study every night, be interesting. Do you accost people on the subject of religion in their homes or in public places? Study adroitness and use common sense. The most graceful and most beautiful thing on earth is the religion of Jesus Christ, and if you awkwardly present it it is defamation. We must do our work rapidly, and we must do it effectively. Soon our time for work will be gone.

A dying Christian took out his watch and gave it to a friend and said: "Take that watch. I have no more use for it. Time is at an end for me, and eternity begins." Oh, my friends, when our watch has ticked away for us the last moment, and our clock has struck for us the last hour, may it be found we did our work well, that we did it in the very best way, and whether we preached the Gospel in pulpits or taught Sabbath classes, or administered to the sick as physicians, or bargained as merchants, or pleaded the law as attorneys, or were busy as artisans or husbandmen or as mechanics, or were, like Martha, called to give a meal to a hungry Christ, or, like Hannah, to make a coat for a prophet, or, like Deborah, to rouse the courage of some timid Barak in the Lord's conflict, we did our work in such a way that it will stand the test of judgment! And in the long procession of the redeemed that march around the throne may it be found that there are many there brought to God through our instrumentality and in whose rescue we exult. But let none of us who are still unsaved wait for that religious discourse of the future. It may come after our obsequies. It may come after the stonecutter has chiseled our name on the slab 50 years before. Do not wait for a great steamer of the Cunard or White Star line to take you off the wreck, but hail the first craft, with however low a mast and however small a hulk and however poor a rudder and however weak a captain.

Instead of waiting for that religious discourse of the future (it may be 40, 50 years off), take this plain invitation of a man who to have given you spiritual eyesight would be glad to be called the spittle by the hand of Christ put on the eyes of a blind man and who would consider the highest compliment of this service if, at the close, 500 men should start from these doors, saying: "Whether he be a sinner or no, I know not. This one thing I know—whereas I was blind, now I see."

Swifter than shadows over the plain,
Quicker than birds in their autumnal flight,
Hastier than eagles to their prey,
Hie you to a sympathetic Christ. The orchestras of Heaven have strung their instruments to celebrate your rescue:

And many were the voices around the throne
Rejoice, for the Lord brings back His own.

PAYING HER DEBTS.

Rubber Industry Enables Liberia to Meet Overdue Interest.

After Twenty-Five Years of Bankruptcy the Little African Republic Takes on New Life and Prosperity.

After 25 years of bankruptcy America's first colony, Liberia, is to be rehabilitated, the interest on her public debt being paid. In 1871 Liberia floated a loan of $500,000, chiefly in England, but three years later the little republic failed to meet the interest, and this condition of affairs has prevailed ever since, until now Liberia's fiscal agents in London have announced that the government is once more able to meet its obligations. This step was rendered feasible by a new source of revenue derived from rubber, and the interest which the bondholders despaired of getting is now being paid from the royalties turned into the government of the republic by the Liberian rubber syndicate, an essentially English concern. The press learns that the arrears of interest are practically swept away, as the bondholders agree to accept the comparatively small sum of $75,000 in settlement of the full amount of the arrears, though this appropriation will not be applied until the extinction of the debt. In the meanwhile, the current interest has been reduced from seven to three per cent., rising one-half per cent. every three years until it reaches five per cent., which rate will be maintained until the extinction of the loan. The development of the rubber industry in Liberia has attracted considerable attention, which has not confined itself to the commercial aspect, for the press understands there is likely to be in the near future diplomatic activity in relation to the status of Liberia. The encroachments of the French upon its territory have caused no little disquietude at the foreign office, while it is the general belief that the United States would gladly secure a coaling station on the Liberian coast. In these and other respects the renewed prosperity has brought the territory to the notice of the European powers, and, though the London press has failed to observe this particular sign of the times, it can be said authoritatively that the future status of Liberia was recently much deliberated on by several cabinets. Having thus become the object of unsolicited attention, it is quite probable that the American negroes who still retain the reins of government in this slice of the west coast of Africa may soon be threatened with the possibility of exercising their privileges under the tutelage of one of the great powers, though in such an arrangement the United States, by virtue of its original settlement, would doubtless have some share.

WED AFTER TWENTY YEARS.

Couple Long Separated Brought Together by Assistant Chief Lewis of Chicago.

Lyman Lewis, assistant chief of police of Chicago, received a letter the other day from a newly wedded pair now in Wilkesbarre, Pa., which says: "We wish to thank you for our happiness. You have certainly proved a veritable cupid." The assistant chief laughed softly and bit off the end of a 25-cent cigar. Between whiffs of the fragrant weed he told the story.

"Twenty years ago George Smale and Margaret Tucker lived in Lowell, Mass.," he said. "They loved and were engaged to be married, but as he was 19 and she two years younger stern parents counseled a delay till the young persons were old enough to know. They parted and Margaret's parents moved from Lowell and the couple lost track of each other. Then George married another and Miss Tucker came west. Mrs. Smale died three years since, and George thought of his old love. He traced her to Chicago, but she had left here five years before. I located her in Milwaukee and gave her George's address. Last week she arrived in Wilkesbarre and became Mrs. Smale. That's all there is to the romance, which began nearly a quarter of a century ago. I guess it's a pretty good romance at that," and the assistant chief knocked the ash off his cigar.

OVER THE BORDER IN CANADA.

Ottawa has 57,002 inhabitants.

At Hamilton gas costs one dollar per 1,000.

Ontario's natural gas is not giving out.

Hamilton shipped $8,000 worth of wool to the United States in September last.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier, in a speech at Wingham, Canada, declared that the bond between the Canadian provinces had heretofore been little but a bond of law.

Dr W Wixon, Italy Hill, N Y, says, "I heartily recommend One Minute Cough Cure. It gave my wife immediate relief in suffocating asthma." Pleasant to take. Never fails to quickly cure all coughs, colds, throat and lung troubles. H F Vortkamp, northeast corner Main and North streets.

TOURISTS' RATES

Are now on sale via the C H & D Ry to points in the South and West. Very low round trip rates variable routes and long return Limits. Call on your nearest C H & D Agent before deciding on the route for your winter trip. D G Edwards, P T M Cincinnati, O.

People's Free Want

Will Fill Your Wants.

The NEWS is the medium through which the general public may have their wants supplied. Quick results; best returns. Situations or help wanted, lost and found, for rent, want to rent—all adveti sements under these heads of 25 words, two insertions free to subscribers of this papel For Sale are charged for payable in advance. The NEWS is the recognized directory for those desiring to supply such wants. Everything coming under the other headings, one time 25 cents, 3 times 35 cents All ads payable in advance

WANTED—HELP.

WANTED—Salesman and women. Special proposition to wide awake persons. 403 Shultz Building, Columbus, O.

WANTED—Situation at any kind of work. Call at 605 north Union street.

FOR SALE—2 milch cows Inquire at 523 E. Second street.

WANTED—Good girl for general house work. northwest cor. Spring and Collett street.

WANTED—To rent a 5 or 6 room house within 6 blocks of court house. Call at Burnett House.

WANTED—Second Cook at the Home Restaurant.

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE—New house of 5 rooms will sell if sold within 10 days for $600, as I want to go away. Call at 1022 N. Jefferson.

FOR RENT, ETC.

FOR RENT—One or two nicely furnished front rooms on first floor with all conveniences on west Market street. Private entrance. Address J K NEWS office.

FOR RENT—Two good new houses in West Lima; modern improvements; also barn. Low rent to good parties. Call at room 2 Satterthwaite block.

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms. Call at 139 east High.

FOR RENT—House of six rooms, summer kitchen and good cellar, on west Spring street. Enquire of Dr Chase, room 40 Metropolitan block.

FOR RENT—House at 603 east Market, of five rooms with bath, all modern improvements. Apply at A. Stein, 115 west North street.

FOR SALE—County map; latest make; will sell at a bargain. Inquire at the NEWS office.

All Work Painless. All Work Guaranteed Ten Years

U. S. Dental Parlors,

Holmes Block, Rooms 22 and 23

J. A. CHAPPELL, D. D. S., Manager.

Positively the last month at these prices. We will raise to the standard price of Lima after 30 days.

BEST SET OF TEETH $5.00.

Gold Crowns,	$4.00
Bridge Work	4.00
Porcelain Crowns,	3.50
Gold Fillings.	1.00 up
Teeth Extracted Without Pain	25c

Written guarantee for 10 years with all work. Hours 8 a. m. to 9 p m. Sundays 9 to 12.

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BEER THAT MADE CINCINNATI FAMOUS.

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Christian Moerlein Brewing Co.,

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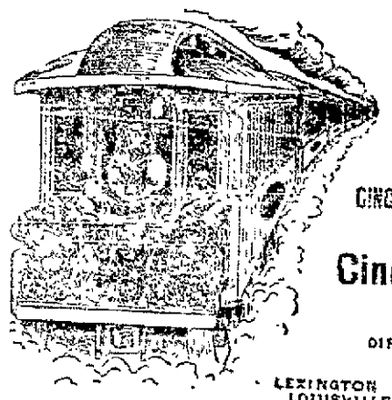
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THE LIMA NEWS

PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON
(EXCEPT SUNDAY)

THE LIMA NEWS COMPANY.

J. R. FINNELL. L. S. GALVIN.
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The News solicits from its readers communications discussing pertinent questions.

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WATSON'S WEATHER.

Partly cloudy tonight and Tuesday.

PLAY THE GAME FAIR.

Friday the NEWS commented favorably on the action of the Mayor in suppressing the gambling slot machines, and suggested that His Honor also direct his attention to bigger game as well. Since then raids have been made on two reputed houses of ill fame, and the keepers with their boarders arrested. A morning contemporary, whose veracity in this line can not be doubted, stated in its report of the raid that "two prominent married men, and several well known young men of the city" were found, but no arrests made. This brings up that great moral debate of the sexes.

Why is it that man, by humanity generally, is not made to suffer equally with woman. If the landlady of such house is guilty, is not the man caught there guilty of resorting thereto, as provided for in the statute governing such cases? Why should man (the self conceived lord of creation) be permitted to go free, and poor downtrodden woman, be prosecuted to the full extent of the law and driven from the city. When a delegation of ministers some months ago called on Mayor Jones, of Toledo, and requested him to suppress the alleged evils in this line, the broad-minded mayor, asked of the reverend gentlemen, where he was to send such women? "If you will provide a place for them, I will see that no immoral house is conducted in Toledo," were his words, He reminded the ministers that their very calling was world-wide; that to turn women from the only homes they possessed, and send them out upon other suffering portions of the state, was not religion; and the Mayor was right.

Now, again, why is it that in all raids, no men are caught; or very few. Is it that the men have the right of suffrage, and cast a ballot now and then, while the women have no such protection? If the Honorable Mayor desires to protect the coming generation of young men from the evils of these immoral houses, why should not the Honorable Mayor desire, by arresting all men who resort thereto and giving their names police docket ornamentation, to protect the coming and present generation of young women from the blandishment of men who resort to these houses. If young men are to be protected from possible immoral environment, young women have the right to be protected from existing immoral environment.

Play the game fair; arrest ALL or none; only then can society be warned against receiving the Dr Jeckylls and Mr Hydes into its sacred circle.

FARM BEATS THE MORTGAGE.

There is a story from Buffalo County going the rounds that illustrates the resources of a Nebraska farm. A farmer up there from Missouri got discouraged because he didn't get rich the first year, and, as there was a mortgage of $700 on his farm, was about ready to jump the whole business, but determined to make one more effort and sowed eighty acres i wheat. It happened to be a poor year for wheat and the stand was not very good. Concluding that it wasn't worth harvesting he pulled up his stacks and moseyed back to Missouri, leaving the farm to fight the mortgage all by itself. The farm was equal to the occasion.

The wheat ripened, fell down and deposited the seed in the soil again. Next spring the wheat began to grow lustily. Some of the neighbors were [illegible] I was about to lie down again, when [illegible] same over me that [illegible] minutes she was up. [illegible] relieved [illegible] by the [illegible] recommended it. [illegible]

honest enough to write about it down to the fugitive in Missouri, and he got interested enough to come back and take a look. Then he stopped and harvested his voluntary crop. He sold it for enough to pay off the mortgage and the rest of his debts and had a tidy little surplus over, with which he moved his family back and now declares there is no state like Nebraska.—Lincoln (Neb.) Journal

AMONG the few objections that we hear, in regard to signing the petitions that are being circulated for a public park, is the selfish one "that it would benefit Mr Faurot." It certainly would be a shame for the people of Lima to do anything that would benefit a man who has been the city's greatest benefactor, especially when the city is getting more than a hundred cents on the dollar on the investment and securing the only convenient, centrally located piece of vacant property to be had. One easily accessible to all the residents of the city and one that will grow many times in value with Lima's certain growth.

It would only be polite on Aguinaldo's part if he should issue a bulletin saying positively whether he has been surrounded or not.—Philadelphia Bulletin.

England also has a scandal over her troop ships. Some go so far as to assert that John Bull has been Merrimacked.—Washington Post.

WILL

Of the Late J. W. Burns Filed for Probate this Morning.

The will of the late John W. Burns was filed for probate today. The wife, Jennie Burns, is named executrix without bond. He leaves personal property amounting to less than $500 to his wife.

CIRCUIT COURT.

At two o'clock today Circuit Court convened in the lower court room and will hand down decisions on a number of cases submitted to them.

Read all the advertisements in to day's paper.

FIRE LADDIES.

The fire laddies were treated to a pleasant surprise Saturday night, a surprise they'll not soon forget. Their wives, brothers and sweethearts had arranged for them an elegant supper in the Council chamber.

PERSONAL NOTES.

Rev. Z. B. Campbell, of Ada, is in the city today.

Rue Barton was here yesterday from St Marys.

Mrs Charles Thoring, of St Marys, is visiting her folks here.

J H Branan, the real estate man, has returned from a trip east.

Attorney John Roby went to Cincinnati this morning on business.

Miss Emma North, of Maple street, is visiting her grandparents at Urbana.

Charles H. Morach, employed at Carroll & Cooney's dry goods store, is in New York on business.

Miss Clara Brotherton, who is attending the University at Chicago, is home for Thanksgiving.

Mrs C B Shepler, is here from Detroit and will join her sister, Mrs J W Satterthwaite, in a trip to California.

Mrs S B Austin, of Boston, Mass., and Mrs Ike Risk, of Toledo, were guests of Dr and Mrs J C Pence yesterday.

A dispatch from New York says: Walter B Richie, of Lima, O, stopped at the Fifth avenue, as did D J O'Day of the same place.

Mrs Walton, who has been visiting her daughter, Mrs R J Thomson, of west Market, returns to her home in New York today.

A E Townsend, formerly president of the Lima Street Railway, who has been here for several days, left this morning for Dayton.

Are you looking for a Dinner Set for Christmas? If so, see what the Lima Tea Co. have to offer. 1-2t

AT HIGH NOON

Yesterday This Happy Couple Were United in Wedlock.

In the office of Justice Duffield yesterday at high noon, Mr. John O. Rothrock, a tonsorial artist at the Dixon Harrod House parlors, and Miss Lydia L. Brown were united in holy wedlock.

Attorney J. L. Hersh gave away the bride, while Fireman Bud Daley acted as best man to the groom.

Order your Thanksgiving Turkeys of Elmer Crosrley

ABBREVIATED TELEGRAMS.

Telegraphic communication with Estcourt has been restored.

Commandant Gen. Joubert is retiring from Mooi river on Ladysmith.

Sir Francis Wingate, in the battle with the Khalia's force near Gedid, captured 2,000 men, women and children. Osman Digna, the principal general of the Khalifa, is still at large.

Rev. Mr. Dickie, pastor of the American church in Berlin, delivered Sunday a thanksgiving discourse before a large congregation. The church was hung with American flags.

On the arrival of the Belmont wounded with the Boer prisoners taken in that engagement most of the wounded will be lodged in Beaufort hospital, where 125 beds have been prepared.

Li Hung Chang's appointment as minister of commerce, already cabled, is regarded as distinctly a step in the right direction and as likely to tend to improve greatly foreign commercial relations with China.

Dr. Von Holleben, German ambassador to the United States, Sunday, in the presence of 2,000 Germans, presented a flag sent by Emperor William to the united German soldier societies in Chicago.

Sir Rudvers Buller, looking the pink of health, arrived at Durban Saturday evening, and immediately proceeded up the country in the governor's car. He was enthusiastically cheered by the people.

M. Pichon, French minister to China, has demanded the execution of the official responsible for the recent murder of two French officers at Montao, together with a small indemnity which the Chinese will probably gladly pay.

Daniel Earl, a diamond importer, lost a leather pouch containing $7,363 worth of diamonds, rubies, sapphires and other precious stones while carrying it from his office to the safety deposit vaults in Chicago. He placed the pouch in his outside pocket and missed it while on the street.

The general committee, which has in charge the movement to secure the next national democratic convention for Kansas City, Mo., has decided that $10,000 should be added to the $47,000 fund already subscribed, and that ten per cent. of the subscriptions should be collected at once.

Existing differences between the Detroit street railway employers and employes will be settled by arbitration. A decision not to strike was reached at a meeeting of the men Sunday at which more than 900 of them were present. The session was protracted and heated.

George S. Powell, president of the Appalachian National Park association, of Asheville, N. C., has appointed a committee who will go before congress in the interest of the proposed Appalachian National park. A resolution was passed asking the ladies of the United States to assist in the movement to induce congress to establish the National Appalachian park.

Information has been received in Washington of the death in the Medico Chirurgical hospital in Philadelphia, of pneumonia, of First Lieut. Wm. H. Williams, 12th infantry. He was born in Missouri in 1873 and appointed a second lieutenant in the army from North Carolina in 1898. He was severely wounded in the eye in action near Angeles, in the Philippine islands.

Will Fumigate the Mail.

SOUTH MCALESTER, I. T., Nov. 27.—On account of the prevalence of smallpox in the Indian territory the postmaster general has ordered the mail fumigated at the following offices: South McAlester, McAlester, Krebs, Alderson, Wilburton, Cherryvale, Hartshorne, Calvin and Atoka. It is feared that the cold weather will bring on a general epidemic of smallpox now existing throughout the Indian territory.

Silver Republican Conference.

CHICAGO, Nov. 27.—Senator R. F. Pettigrew, of South Dakota, and ex-Congressman Charles A. Towne, of Minnesota, members of the national executive committee of the silver republican party are in Chicago. A conference of the executive committee of the party will be held here Tuesday at which plans for the coming presidential campaign will be discussed.

Home Seekers Excursion.

For information about reduced fares through time, and other particulars regarding Home Seekers' Excursions to the South and West apply to Pennsylvania Lines Ticket Agents.

THE BEST CURRENT VERSE.

My Dog.

Beneath this turf, that formerly he pressed
With agile feet, a Dog is laid to rest.
Him, as he sleeps, no well-known sound shall stir,
The rabbit's patter or the pheasant's whirr;
The keeper's "Over!"—far, but well defined,
That speeds the startled partridge down the wind:
The whistled warning, as the winged ones rise
Large and more large upon our straining eyes,
Till with a whoop, while every nerve is tense,
The chattering covey hurtles o'er the fence:
The double crack of every lifted gun;
The dinting thud of birds whose course is done—
These sounds, that to his listening ear were dear,
He heeds no longer, for he cannot hear.
None stancher, till the drive was done, defied
Temptation, rooted to his master's side.
None swifter, when his master gave the word,
Leapt forth to track the wounded running bird,
And bore it back—ah, many a time and oft!—
His nose as faultless as his mouth was soft.
How consciously, how proudly, unconcerned
Straight to his master's side he then returned.
Wagged a glad tail and deemed himself repaid,
As in that master's hand the bird he laid.
If, while a word of praise was duly said,
The hand should stroke his smooth and honest head.
Through spring and summer, in the sportless days,
Cheerful he lived a life of simpler ways;
Chose, since official dogs at times unbend,
The household cat for confidante and friend;
With children, friendly but untaught to fawn,
Romped through the walks and rollicked on the lawn;
Rejoiced, if one the frequent ball should throw,
To fetch it, scampering gayly to and fro,
Content through every change of sportive mood
If one dear voice, one only, called him good.
Such was my Dog, who now without my ald
Hunts through the shadowland, himself a shade:
Or, crouched intent before some ghostly gate,
Waits for my step, as here he used to wait.
—Punch.

The Song of Hope.

What if the song of hope is old?
Let's sing it while we may!
What if the story has been told?
Let's tell it every day!
Let's hum the air, the sweet old air,
Though days be dark or life be fair,
O sing it anyway!

What if the robin's song is old?
He sings it anyway!
His story long ago was told,
His song of yesterday;
Still, still he sings the sweet old air
And burdened people stop to share
The gladness of his lay.

The song of hope is never old:
Let's sing it while we may!
The story that the Saviour told
Is new enough to-day!
Though chilling winds blow now, the spring
Will give us buds again and bring
The robin's roundelay.
—S. E. Kiser, in Chicago Times-Herald.

When I Was a Boy.

I loved to while the hours away,
In the restful shade on a summer day,
While the air was sweet with the new-mown hay,
When I was a boy.

I loved in the meadow-brook to wade,
Whose waters grateful pastime made,
When rest grew irksome in the shade,
When I was a boy.

I loved with unshod feet to range
The clover fields for a pleasant change,
In the dewy morn on the old home grange,
When I was a boy.

I loved to dream of the days to be,
Of manhood's charm and mystery,
Of life's great aims and destiny,
When I was a boy.

And now, alas! I often fret
With unavailing, keen regret,
That I have lost the joys I met,
When I was a boy.
—A. S. Brendle, in Good Housekeeping.

Defeated Ambition.

He said to Fame: "Now, now, I pray!
Why bid me longer wait?"
And so he went, day after day,
Imploring to be great.
Fame answered: "Go and strive awhile
And earn the prize you crave,
So that the watchful world may style
You good or wise or brave."

The youth went forth to wine renown,
But met one, blithely blown,
And loved and won her and went down
Unto his grave unknown—
Unknown but loving her who lent
Above him as he passed—
Unknown, but hearing, as he went,
The word that's first and last.
—S. E. Kiser, in Chicago Times-Herald.

His Argument.

He isn't any Cicero;
He doesn't claim to be one.
But there's no talker here below
Who's competent to lay him low—
At least we've yet to see one.
For when his theories are hit
He gets warmed up and hollers:
"It's money talks! Put up or quit!
I'll bet you twenty dollars."

We've seen him almost brought to bay
With various words of Plato.
He'd listen in a nervous way
To what old Socrates would say,
And references to Cato.
But, though in some degree polite
To men who pose as scholars,
He'd merely shout: "I know I'm right!
I'll bet you twenty dollars."
—Washington Star.

A Perfect Day.

Fair was the blue sky overhead,
Fair was the earth below;
Soft as an infant's breath the wind
Went wandering to and fro.

The creeping grasses clad the earth
In garniture of green;
A summer day more fair, more sweet,
The earth has never seen.

Yet something still it seemed to lack
To satisfy my heart;
Lovely, but lifeless as a thing
Created by some art.

But lo—I heard a gush of song,
The whirring of a wing,
And into happy, joyous life
The whole world seemed to spring.
—Ninette M. Lowater, in Youth's Companion.

Charity.

A boy was crying in the street:
A man asked why; the lad
Said it was lack of food to eat
That made him feel so bad.

"Too bad!" the man said to the child;
"Here, take this cent, my boy!"
The man then hurried on and smiled;
His heart was full of joy.

He stopped ere he had journeyed far,
Still smiling all the time,
And bought and lighted a cigar
For which he paid a dime.
—Chicago Times-Herald.

IS SOLDIERS' FRIEND.

Miss Gould Supplying Men at the Front with Traveling Libraries.

Progress She Is Making in Fight on Roberts—Has Issued an Appeal to Spanish War Veterans to Lend Their Aid.

Miss Helen Gould is again proving herself "the soldiers' friend." She is supplying the men at the front with traveling libraries. The United States transport Thomas, which recently sailed for Manila, carried two of these libraries for the troops in the Philippines. Within the next few days similar libraries will be sent to the troops in Cuba and Porto Rico. The men at Forts Hamilton and Slocum have already received their boxes of books.

The libraries are put up in oak cases with room for a hundred or more volumes in each case. On a brass plate fastened to the inner side of the folding front is this inscription:

Presented by Helen M. Gould for the International Committee of the Young Men's Christian Associations for use in regular army posts of the United States.

When the men at one army post have read the books in their library the case is sent to another post, thus forming a circulating library in America, Porto Rico, the Hawaiian islands, Guam and the Philippines.

The books consist of works of travel, biographies, novels, a few hymn books and Bibles. Altogether Miss Gould has given more than a thousand books.

The following letter from Helen Gould, dated November 2, has been received by Adjt. Gen. Liller, of the Spanish war veterans:

"If the matter commends itself to your good judgment and you have not already taken an interest in the Roberts question, I hope you may feel willing to do so.

"Mr. Roberts, it seems, has at least three wives, and, advocating and practicing the principles he does, he should not, we women think, be allowed to have a seat in the highest lawmaking body of our land. We realize that what we think cannot carry the weight with congressmen that communications from voters would have, and we earnestly hope that men who sympathize with the movement will be willing to write to their congressmen or circulate petitions.

"I have never before taken any active part in any political question, but this movement is for the protection of the home and of women throughout the country, and I am glad to use the little influence I have for what I believe to be a righteous cause. I trust you will pardon me for troubling you, but you soldiers have been so good to me I am venturing to call your attention to a matter that interests me deeply. Inclosed you will find some of the leaflets on the subject, issued by the League for Social Service."

RESTRICTION ON AUTOMOBILES

Municipal Council in Paris Bars Them from Other Than High Roads or Regular Carriage Ways.

The municipal council of Paris is once more making an effort to render the streets safer from the growing menace of recklessly driven automobiles, numerous accidents having occurred in the immediate suburbs.

The municipal council, wishing to preserve to the Bois de Boulogne and other pleasure resorts that quiet and sense of repose from the noise of the city which are their chief charms, recently instructed one of its committees to regulate motor traffic in the Bois de Boulogne and Vincennes. The committee's report, which is to be submitted to the council, restricts automobiles to high roads or other regular carriage ways.

The Pre Catelan, a popular resort with children, as well as all the cross alleys and paths through the wood, are strictly forbidden. Motor carriages are also prohibited from traveling on the Allee de Longchamps between the hours of one and seven o'clock in the afternoon. The speed of the automobile must in no case exceed 15 kilometers per hour. In busy or narrow thoroughfares it must not exceed a walk.

The report ends by stating that these measures are not intended as vexatious restrictions on an industry which has made remarkable progress in the last few years, but are necessitated in the interest of public safety.

M. Rene de Knyff has, it is announced in the Paris papers, sold for 60,000 francs the automobile on which he won the tour de France race.

WANT NATIONAL UNIVERSITY.

Friends of the Project Say That the Resolutions Adopted Recently Are Misleading.

Ex-Gov. John W. Hoyt, chairman of the national committee to promote the establishment of the University of the United States, said that the resolutions adopted by the university committee of the National Educational association would not cause the friends of the project to cease their efforts in its behalf. He said that the resolutions adopted are misleading in that they declare against government control and maintenance, as if these were features of the measure before congress, and also in his opinion are indefensible on educational grounds.

"The action of the committee of fifteen," added Gov. Hoyt, "will not affect the general plans of the national university committee. The latter, composed as it is of hundreds of college and university presidents, to say nothing of the great number of other scholars, scientists and statesmen, and reenforced more and more by well-organized and resolute allies in all the states, will continue its efforts until the University of the United States in some acceptable form is established."

YOUR THANKSGIVING DINNER

Will be a success if you order your groceries and turkeys and fish at Ingledue's.

TROUBLES OF MOTOR MAN.

Ways of Women in Street Cars Furnish Amusement and No Little Difficulty.

Women as a general thing are painfully slow in getting on and off the street cars—especially off, said an intelligent motor conductor the other day. They seem to lose all their agility as soon as they put foot on a car step. They pull themselves up as if they were hoisting tons, and they let themselves down the same way. Of course when they get off they invariably turn their faces toward the rear of the car, thus insuring a hard fall if the motor should happen to start. I don't mean the elderly ladies exclusively, but ladies of all ages. And it's no use to say "Step lively, please," to them; they're bound to take their time. If the heavens fell it couldn't hurry some of them.

I had an amusing experience with one of these aggravatingly slow ladies the other day. I was collecting fares on a crowded platform when the bell rang. I signaled the motorman, and a moment later leaned out to see if the passenger had alighted. All I saw was a rather stout middle-aged woman on the lower step with her back to the curb and a hand grasping each handrail. I jumped down and ran to her, and, putting my hand under one arm, lifted her hastily into the car, and, springing up after her, rang the bell.

As I looked at the stout woman I saw that her face was crimson and that she was scowling at me in a most dreadful manner.

"Young man," she screeched, "what do you mean by your ruffianly conduct?"

"Ruffianly conduct, ma'am?" I echoed. "I don't understand you, ma'am."

She almost exploded.

"What do you mean," she cried, "by throwing me back into this car when I was trying to get off?"

You see, she was so slow that I hadn't been able to tell which way she was going.

MARKSMANSHIP OF BOERS.

An Englishman Who Has Seen It Believes They Have Acquired a False Reputation.

"I am inclined to think that the people who are forecasting the results of a war in the Transvaal are laying too much stress on the marksmanship of the Boers," said Mr. E. A. Broughton, of Liverpool, to a reporter for the New Orleans Times-Democrat. "I have a brother at Port Natal, and during a visit which I paid him in 1896 I saw a good deal of fancy shooting, both at Pretoria and Bloemfontein, in the Orange Free State. I also heard numerous hunting stories, and in every instance the tradition far outclassed the performance. I dare say the original Boer settlers were fine shots when their weapons are taken into consideration. The popular gun of their time was an old-fashioned, long-barreled German rifle of about .44 caliber. For anything like long range they had to push up the sights, and they became very expert at judging distance for drop shots. Their skill in that particular gave them a great advantage over noted English sportsmen who came into the country after big game, and they acquired a tremendous reputation as marksmen. I am confident that the average British 'Tommy' could double discount them with a modern, small caliber, high-power rifle, and, as far as I saw, the younger Boers are very indifferent shots with any sort of weapon."

ORIGIN OF THE VIOLIN.

The Mythological Story of the Instrument as Told by a Magazine Writer.

In the National Magazine is an interesting article regarding the history of the violin. The writer says: An ancient legend tells us that one day as Orpheus, son of Apollo and the Muse Kalliope, was walking by the sea, trilling in soft cadence a song taught him by the celebrated teacher, Linos, he was attracted by the sound of sweet music, which seemed but the echo of his own glorious voice. He walked along, singing, and the sound approached, as if to meet him, till finally it rung at his very feet.

Glancing down, he saw the shell of a turtle, which had been cast high and dry upon the beach and left there by the receding waves. The little thing had died and dried up so that only the sinews, shriveled to strings, and the shell remained. The dried up sinews were tightly stretched across the hollow shell and the wind as it listed touched the strings, causing them to vibrate over the shell sounding board and give forth the sweet, sad tones. Enchanted, he bore his treasure home and from it fashioned the viol shell, with which he ever after accompanied his voice, and the nymph, Eurydice, enchanted by its magic, became his bride.

Buzzards' Feathers for Eagles'.

According to a writer in Science, the demand for eagles' plumes to adorn ladies' hats has suddenly put the turkey buzzard in great jeopardy; because the supply of eagles not being equal to the demand, buzzards' feathers are substituted for those of the nobler bird.

Jackies Fond of Ball.

Whenever enough men from an American man-of-war can get shore leave, no matter in what foreign port they may be lying, they are almost certain to start a ball game. In the English navy cricket is even played on board ship.

Increase in Coal Exports.

Exports of coal from the United States have increased from 227,018 tons in 1870 to over 4,000,000 tons during the past year.

To be Continued.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

THE CITY IN BRIEF.

Dr Laudick, health officer of Lima fears an epidemic of scarlet fever about the city. Families wherein are cases should use every means to prevent a spread.

The checker championship contests at the Y M C A Saturday night resulted as follows: Frank Gardner 14 points, Dr Barr 12, M Everton 14, Byron Rice 11 1-2, W A Burkhart 10 1-2, F A Burkhart 10 1-2, H Heman 8 1-2, C C Klumph 2 1-3.

Born—to Mr and Mrs Lake Rumbaugh, of east Market street, a twelve pound boy.

Notice, W V R U will meet Tuesday evening Nov 28. Business of importance, let every sister be present. Meeting called at 7 o'clock.

Arthur B Weller, of Ottawa, convicted of manslaughter for the murder of Sol Wise, has been granted a new trial.

The following officers of Lima Lodge I. O. O. F. No. 62 have been elected:—Wm Wendler, C P; J W Schnadle, S W; F C Smith, J W; J F Brenneman, H P; Leonard Walther, Scribe; Wm Shulz, Treasurer and W A Ehrnman, Trustee.

The Woman's Missionary Society of the Congregational church will pack a missionary box this week to be sent to South Dakota.

Mr Chas. Yeager, of north Union street, was surprised Thursday night by his many friends to celebrate his 48 brithday aniversary, and present him with a fine rocking chair and many other fine presents, and amusing them with cards and music, about 11 o'clock a refreshment was served. they all left for home in the morning wishing him many more happy brithdays.

Order your Thanksgiving Turkeys of Elmer Crossley

RESOLUTIONS OF RESPECT.

Since it has pleased the All Wise Providence to remove from among us our esteemed sister, Cynthia Ricketts, we as a lodge have adopted the following resolutions:

Resolved, That we, the members of Golden Gate Rebekah Lodge No. 260, through a committee wish to extend our heartfelt sympathy to her family in their great bereavement

Resolved, That Golden Gate Lodge No. 260, lament the loss of a sister, who while not being able to be an active member or always present at the lodge meeting, was always there in spirit if not in person. The community and the family both sustain a great loss and we cannot commend her too highly when we say she was a loving wife and mother, ever devoted to her home duties.

Resolved, That our charter be draped in mourning for thirty days, and that a copy of these resolutions be sent to the family, one to the daily papers and one placed on the records of the lodge.

LAURA RYDMAN,
EMMA STONER,
FLORENCE SITES,
Committee.

The Lima Tea Co. will close all day Thanksgiving Day. 1 3t

Tourist Tickets to Florida and Winter Resorts in the South.

Ticket agents of the Pennsylvania Lines will answer inquiries about low fares to Florida and winter resorts in the South. Full information concerning Tourist Tickets, time tables, etc., will be furnished free. Persons contemplating a Southern trip may secure valuable information on the subject by merely inquiring of the nearest representative of the Pennsylvania Lines, or by addressing C. L. Kimball, Assistant General Passenger Agent, Cleveland, Ohio. Say when and where you wish to go, how many will be in the party, starting point, etc., and you will be promptly posted. The inquiry will not cost much effort—it will save considerable bother in arranging details, as they will be looked after gratis.

Order your Thanksgiving Turkeys of Elmer Crossley

Thanksgiving Day Rates

Via the Nickel Plate Road are available Nov. 29th and 30th good returning until December 1st inclusive at one and one third fare for the round trip within a radius of 150 miles.

D. & L. N.

Soon to be Operated

By the Great Pennsylvania Railroad Co.

The Great Corporation Is Buying Up All the Small Roads

Seeking to Beat the Vanderbilts—Items From the Busy Highways.

A dispatch from Toledo contains a story which if true, means that the Detroit and Lima Northern road will, in the near future, be operated in first class style. It is given below:

The story was given out some time ago that the Pennsylvania and the Vanderbilt interests were to combine and form the greatest trust in the world. At the time this was accepted as the truth. It now comes, however, from indisputable sources that the foregoing was a fabrication, published with an ulterior motive in view. It merely attempted to cover up the greatest financial struggle the world has known in years, and which will soon begin—in fact is now on. The Pennsylvania system hopes to compete with the Vanderbilt lines west of the Alleghanies.

It is of course admitted by all that in New York the Vanderbilts have the best of it, while no one questions the superiority of the Pennsylvania lines in Ohio and other sections. The financial kings of the world are interested in both sides, and the strong arms of capital, as well as the more potent influence of brains are both at work.

It is presaged that the first gun will be fired from the Pennsylvania camp, and the managers hope to find the Vanderbilts unprepared for the struggle. Notable among the Vanderbilt lines are the New York Central & Hudson River, Chicago & Northwestern, Lake Shore & Michigan Southern, Nickel Plate and hosts of lesser lines, now supposed to be independent of the great system.

The Pennsylvania system comprises the Pennsylvania road, the Wheeling & Lake Erie and others which it has either purchased or has an option on. Among these are the Hocking Valley, Detroit & Lima Northern, Baltimore & Ohio and several branch lines connecting at desirable points.

Some of the Holdings.

The Detroit & Lima Northern is practically the property of the Pennsylvania at this time, or will be very shortly. The Shore Line, which will connect Detroit and Toledo, will, with an additional line to be secured later, connect Detroit with Columbus and Chicago. When the Detroit & Lima Northern is turned over to the Pennsylvania, a connection will be built with the Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne & Chicago, and connecting the Western metropolis with every city of importance except, perhaps, Cincinnati, in Ohio. This will complete a trunk line of proportions so immense that the Vanderbilts will tremble at the thought of the territory thus to be drained by their competitors. Once the system is formed to Chicago, a Western road, impossible to tell which yet will be secured, and with right of way now in hand, the Pennsylvania will shorten the route through to Omaha by many, many miles over the Chicago & Northwestern, thus draining the Middle West.

It is said that in connection with this enormous expenditure of money, the Toledo, St. Louis & Kansas City, which is now in the hands of a receiver, will be purchased, repaired and put in first-class condition as a competing line to St. Louis and Kansas City, then on to Omaha, thereby completing the circuit and forming the greatest railroad system in the world.

Working in Ohio.

The Pennsylvania people have been exceedingly active in Ohio of late It is known that in dozens of towns and hamlets scattered through Ohio from Sandusky to the Ohio River and from the Indiana line to the Scioto, men are at work securing rights of way for railroads. In many cases men themselves do not know who they are working for. They do not imagine for a moment that they are working for that giant corporation, the Pennsylvania system. The impression is conveyed to them that they are working for a small road desiring right of way to certain points, and that too much money must not be spent. Were the magic word Pennsylvania mentioned, the owners of property would ask far greater bonuses, and right of way would be much more difficult to secure. At the present time the right of way has been secured, almost on an air line route, to all important Ohio cities by the Pennsylvania people. Options involing millions are at the beck and call of the directors.

The desire to establish direct communication between central points on shorter lines than that of the Vanderbilt lines is the aim of the Pennsylvania Company. Short cuts and absence of any roundabout ways will be a feature of the new lines, and the time from Chicago to New York will be greatly lessened when present plans are completed. So far the work has been done under cover, and the great amount already accomplished can be imagined when it is known from indisputable sources that the Pennsylvania's millions have flowed like water for months.

A verdict of $2,500 was rendered to-day in the United States circuit court in Chicago in favor of the Pennsylvania Railroad company in its suit against the city for damages done during the big railroad strike of 1894. The railroad asked for $25,000. The decision is regarded as important as having a probable influence on the actions of other roads which suffered property damages during the riots.

Muckross Estate Sold.

LONDON, Nov. 27.—It is reported that Lord Iveagh has purchased the Muckross estate, which includes the Lakes of Killarney.

Conductor's Arm Cut Off.

KENTON, O., Nov. 27.—Ed Stovely, a Big Four freight conductor, fell under the wheels of his engine Sunday and had his right arm cut off and his face mashed in. His injuries are probably not fatal.

Fireman Killed, Engineer Badly Injured.

PORTLAND, Ore., Nov. 27.—The eastbound Oregon Railroad and Navigation passenger train, which left here at 8 a. m., was wrecked at about 10:30 near Rooster Rock, 30 miles east of this city, by running into a slide. The fireman was killed and the engineer was badly injured. As far as known no other persons were badly injured.

The Lake Shore is getting ready to run the Pennsylvania a race for the fast mail contract between New York and Chicago. These preparations are going on with utmost secrecy, neither road wishing the other to find out the possibilities of its equipment. There was an inkling of this yesterday in the statement that the Lake Shore had beaten all records on fast runs between Buffalo and Cleveland, making for the 188 miles a rate of about a minute. The equipment being equal, it settles down to a matter of track and roadbed, where the Lake Shore manifestly has the advantage. West of the mountains the Pennsylvania has as good track as any road on earth, but through the mountainous district there is a section where it would be ruinous to run at such speed as that maintained on other sections. This will, therefore, handicap it a little.

If the Pennsylvania is hampered in the mountain district the Lake Shore has not all smooth sailing, either. It is known that the big engines which the road has on now between Cleveland and Buffalo can not be run west of Cleveland. The machines are so heavy and have such a hold on the rails, when at full speed, that none of the bridges west of Cleveland would be able to hold them.

Walter B Richie, the Lima attorney and financier, is at the Fifth Avenue, Mr Richie has been in conference with a number of capitalists and prominent railroad men in connection with the reorganization of the Detroit and Lima Northern Railway.—Dispatch from New York.

The hearing of the petition for a receiver for the C L & M railroad, to have been heard Saturday before Judge Hubbard, of Defiance, was again postponed until tomorrow.

Neufschatel Cheese at Watson's.

THOUGHTS

By a Birds-eye-view

Or Pedestrians, Loafers and the City Generally.

"Sandy" Finds Many Things to Ponder Over and Discuss.

What One Marriage Will Result in to the Good of a Dozen Others Anyway.

I was strolling a frequented street of Lima last night when I heard the paddle of a shingle, followed by the wales of woes issuing from the mouth organ of a youngster upon whom the shingle seemed to be playing an effective part. Then I pondered on how great was the strain of that boy's love for his mother being tested.

x x x x

Our pretty city is certainly enjoying a healthy building boom, and a drive over the city will demonstrate this and prove that it is not confined to the West End alone. The best part of this building era is, that each builder seems determined on erecting modern structures that will ever remain a credit to the city.

x x x x

The prettiest specimen of that beauty to the eye—mud, real, old-fashioned, I might say Hoosier mud—can be seen free gratis in endless varieties by one peep on Maple avenue.

x x x x

The life of the perpetual loafer can only be classed with the life of a man, who has been attacked by that contagious disease—the "official itch." Both species are in full bloom in Lima, and can be seen daily. Do you, dear reader, ever realize as you go strolling along a thoroughfare and see this class leisurely playing at the "do nothing game," that there is no class of beings on the face of the old Mother Earth, who so little enjoy themselves! After all it is only the "git up and git" class who have a true relish for life, though even they are censured. Some people push forward and are bedamned; others are content to remain, in idleness and are bedamned. so man's judgment of himself is the only criterion of happiness.

x x x x

The poor deluded mortal who believes himself so ailing as to just "be able to be around the house" should think of the neglected dooryard which if animate, could say as much.

x x x x

Johnny Know-it-all, Jimmie Wise, Billy Bluster and I were all in conversation at The Oak the other evening, when the topic of conversation was "The Babes in the Woods." Now, personally I am a modest cuss, and don't like rude remarks concerning certain young men and certain women, both old and young, married or single. Billy is not so modest, and Johnny can't be restrained; so the two between them told a harrowing tale of domestic infelicity. "It don't pay," says I, "to gossip in a detrimental manner about people. Wait for substantial proof before passing judgment, then rush to The NEWS office, and it will do the rest."

x x x x

An aged man of the police force got poetical the other day and murmured: "The matrimonial bar, the bar of justice, the saloon bar, and the final bar, will surely debar a great many people from the golden bar of the Elysian fields, which are said to exist 'over there.'"

x x x x

A young lady remarked the other day that it was not her fault that there was not one less bachelor in Lima. If that bachelor would just take a hint the Probate Judge would have some business to attend to, the printer would get a job, preacher would receive a welcome call, the furniture dealers would get a good order, and——well, there would be an era of prosperity in all lines of business, but we naturally suppose he will never take a "tumble.

Ladies' $15.00 Tailor-Made $15.00 Suits.

We cannot fully tell the good thing we are offering in this lot; thorough tailor-made suits with all the shapeliness all that tone, and all the indescribable "something" of a suit sold fortwice as much. We make strong claims for these suits, but we back our claims with the right kind of suits.

COVERT CLOTH SUIT, jacket eight button Diagona front, entire garment lined with skinner satin, skirt has five gores, open at side, lapped seams, habit back,

Price $15.00

A COVERT CLOTH SUIT, double breasted eight button jacket; full circular skirt, plaited back, jacket and skirt silk lined,

Price $15.00

G. E. Bluem,

57 PUBLIC SQUARE

When one class of men meet in a premeditated place and play a few games, its termed "gambling and a gambler's den," a fact that every one knows; another class meet for the same purpose, and play the same games, only they meet in their parlor or best room and have their wives and daughters to participate. In the latter it takes upon itself a new garb and is called social (?) gatherings. This is not only applicable to local surroundings but to general and now the question arises from whence are we to draw conclusions of right and wrong.

x x x x

The devil has friends but there are some people who have none.

x x x x

It seems to be an awful strain for some young men to live up to the standard of opinion which his best girl has of him. SANDY.

FRESH ROASTED COFFEE.

You do not have to be told where to get it. The demand for Fresh Roasted Coffee has made it necessary for the Lima Tea Co. to roast three days each week instead of one. All you need to do is to step to your telephone and say: "We want a dollar's worth (or less if need be) of Fresh Coffee," and you will get something you can drink. 0-2t

ROUTINE OF BUSINESS

Transacted at the Court House in The Various Offices.

Probate Matters.

Carrie McCoy, administrator of the estate of Michael Carr, deceased, filed her first and final account.

John E Evans, executor of Elizabeth Jones, deceased, filed his first and final account.

John S. Hartman, guardian of John M. Miller, late a minor, filed his fifth and final account.

Minnie Finkenour, guardian of Nellie and Henry Finkenour, minors, filed her sixth and final account.

Marriage Licenses.

John O. Rothrock, aged 25, a barber of Lima, and Lydia L. Brown, aged 18, of Bluffton. Squire Duffield to officiate.

Noah Adams, aged 25, and Janie Crossley, aged 18, both of Harrod. Services were performed by Rev. A Berry in the probate office.

Transfers.

E. and Amanda Kemper to Danie Eldridge, inlot 5621 in Welsh's addition, $375.

Minor Harrod to W. S. Ridenour, 39 acres in Perry township, $3,000.

Rupert Watt and wife to P. Ft. W. & C. Railroad Co., land in Latayette, $50.

J. M. Decker and wife to Noah E. Collins, part of inlot 69 in Spencerville, $225.

Following in Cliffton. To J. F. Orthwine lot 5513, Rosetta Claprood 5498, Wm. McGirr 5484, L. O. Claprood 5453, Harry E. Kurtz 5467.

SOAPS ARE ADVANCING.

Owing to the advance in everything that it takes to make a cake of soap, the manufacturers are putting up the price. Quite a number of families are laying in a supply by the box. You can get a box price at the Lima Tea Co. that is bottom. 0-2t

Order your Thanksgiving Turkeys of Elmer Crossley

New Tomatoes at Watson's.

CHILDISH THREAT.

By Kuert's Friends to Muster the Second Regiment Out.

"I see some talk about mustering the Second Regiment out because Col. Kuert was'nt elected," said a malitiaman yesterday. "But don't let that worry you. The Second will be kept. It is a good regiment and its existence isn't dependent on the whims of a single man who hasn't realized on his ambition. Nobody need be frightened at this childish threat from some of Kuert's friends."

DON'T BE DISAPPOINTED

But leave your Thanksgiving order with Ingledue.

Shawnee Rebekah Resolutions.

It has pleased our Heavenly Father to remove from our lodge Bro. Henry Gibson

WHEREAS, it is just that a fitting recognition of his many virtues should be had. THEREFORE be it

Resolved, That in the wise dispensation of Providence, the death angel has entered Shawnee Lodge No. 280, and removed from our midst one who was ever ready to proffer the hand of aid to the needy and distressed of our order, an active member whose utmost endeavors were exerted for its welfare and prosperity.

Resolved, That we as a lodge feel deeply the loss we have sustained in the death of Bro. Gibson, and the heartfelt sympathies of this lodge be extended to the family of our deceased brother.

Resolved, That the charter of this lodge be draped in mourning for thirty days, and these resolutions be spread upon the records of this lodge and a copy be sent to the family of our brother and to the papers for publication.

ZERA FULLER.
ELIZABETH DAVIS,
BERTHA STICKNEY.

INGLEDUE'S PRICES

On turkeys are all right.

All the good things for Thanksgiving at Watson's.

Thanksgiving Supplies for Roasting or Baking at Harman's.

FAUROT

OPERA HOUSE

Week Commencing

Monday, Nov. 27

Return of the Favorite,

THE GIBNEYS,

Supported by the Roeffler Stock Co.

18—PEOPLE—18

In Grand Scenic Productions, High Class Vaudeville.

Prices—10, 20 and 30 cents.

Ladies' Free Tickets Monday night limited to 300. Seats on sale at Melville's.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
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POSTAL AUTOMOBILES

The Horseless Wagons to Carry Mails Through Chicago Streets.

Post Office Department at Washington Invites Proposals for This Innovation—Postmaster at Chicago Pleased.

Automobiles carrying Uncle Sam's mail will be the novel spectacle soon to be seen in Chicago's streets, the post office department at Washington having invited proposals for this innovation. The call for bids was made known through the annual report of Second Assistant Postmaster General Shallenberger issued at Washington, and is to include only the work of carrying the mails by automobiles between the general post office on the lake front and a number of stations in the business center like the Monadnock and the Masonic Temple branch post offices.

Bids for the same service in screen wagons are also asked and one of the two methods will be accepted later on. Little doubt exists, however, that the service of the automobiles will be the plan ultimately adopted. The eventual use of automobiles is favored by Postmaster Gordon, who expressed pleasure at the prospect that Chicago would be the first city in the country to have progressive horseless wagons plying its streets in the mail service.

"I had not heard of this move on the part of the post office officials, but it may be the result of some correspondence I recently had with the department in reference to the improvement of the downtown mail collection service in Chicago," said Mr. Gordon. "I was hardly prepared for the news that they would be so ready to act upon my suggestions. I have written to Paris, France, where the automobile service has been so successfully inaugurated, and also to Buffalo, where the post office department has made experiments along the same line.

"But Chicago's street pavements are not all up to the standard of smoothness attained in the boulevards of the metropolis of France, or even Buffalo, and until the streets here are improved I should not be prepared to recommend a general substitution of automobiles for the mail wagons now in use on account of the danger of breakdowns. I believe, however, the use of the vehicles ultimately would result in the improvement of downtown pavements. The change will probably come in good time, however, and it is quite likely the automobiles will be utilized for the class of mail collection work now being done by the mail cars that are operated in connection with the street railways."

NEW PLAGUE SERUM.

Remarkable Success Which Has Attended the Use of the New Anti-Toxin in Bombay and India.

An anti-toxin, or serum, first prepared by Prof. Haffkine as a plague inoculation called Haffkine's prophylactic, is now being used in Bombay and western India with remarkable results. This prophylactic is prepared by first taking the plague bacilli or the young germs from a person affected with the plague and cultivating them. These microbes are killed by artificial means and a high degree of heat.

From these dead germs and their poisonous excrements is produced a fluid believed to have the required power, when injected into the human system, to render the blood immune from an attack of plague germs and to neutralize their effect. The injection of such poison has the effect of an anti-toxin and prevents the system from nourishing plague. A dead plague germ being inoculated into a person, plague will not follow. A person having one attack of the disease is rarely liable to a second. The person first inoculated is subject to symptoms of the plague.

In vaccination for smallpox a living germ is dealt with, whereas in plague inoculation dead germs only are inoculated.

FIRE ENGINE SEARCHLIGHT.

Will Aid the Firemen in Finding Inmates of Burning Buildings Who Are Unconscious.

Fire Chief Croker completed the plans for the fire engine searchlight which he expects will increase the efficiency of the New York fire force 50 per cent. Chief Croker describes the engine from his plans as follows:

"The new engine will be one of our regular fire engines, but in place of the pumping machinery it will be equipped with a dynamo connected to a high speed engine. On the platform just behind the driver I have mounted two 16-inch marine projectors. Each projector will be fitted with a special diverging lens, with which the beam of light may be spread out to cover as wide an area as desired. If the tests are successful we will have one searchlight engine in each division of the department. When the new engine is in service and persons are reported to be still in the building afire, the searchlight will be taken by firemen up the dark stairways and into the rooms, where it will quickly reveal any object."

ECONOMY IN DRESS.

Care of the Wardrobe Goes Far Toward Reducing the Cost of Clothing.

It does not always follow that the well-dressed woman expends an unusual amount of money upon her robe. The chances are that she spends less than her more poorly-dressed neighbor. The difference is that the one makes the subject of dress a study while the other does not. One well-dressed woman who has plenty of money at her disposal remarked proudly: "I spend less on dress than any of my sisters." When asked how such a thing could be, for she really dressed better than they, she replied: "I don't buy the first thing I happen to see." This was her way of saying that she made a selection only after having made an examination of the different varieties of goods which the market afforded, or in other words that she gave the same intelligent consideration to the subject of dress that she would do to any other with which she might have to deal.

What one wears is and should be regarded as being in a measure an index of one's character. The quiet, modest woman does not choose flashy colors for street wear, nor does the prudent one put her entire outlay upon one gown which can be worn only upon rare occasions and for which she has no accessories. The thoughtful woman does not deem it at all necessary to have a bonnet for every dress when she can, by careful planning, manage to have one that will be suitable to wear with each of her several gowns. To obtain the best results one should decide at the beginning of the season just what sum shall be set aside for dress and the season's outfit be planned accordingly. The study and forethough which is thus necessarily given to the subject will often enable the woman of slender purse to dress in better taste than her more favored sister, who buys anything to suit her fancy at the moment.

The care given one's wardrobe is an important item to be considered if one would succeed in dressing well on a little. One woman with whom I am acquainted is bright and intelligent, superior in many ways, yet, although she spends considerable for dress generally presents a more or less dowdy appearance. After a few months' wear her dresses, which are often handsome to begin with, are burst at the seams and so spotted as to be almost unpresentable. When she goes out to spend the afternoon she takes no pains to change her dress on returning home but wears it to work about the house the rest of the day, and it is only a short time till the gown is too shabby to wear from home. Another woman, who adopts the opposite plan, always has in her wardrobe a generous supply of pretty gowns. The secret was explained by one of her intimate friends, who said: "Mrs. Blank does not buy any more than anyone else, but she selects the best material, takes good care of what she gets, and has her dresses made over every year. The old ones help to save the new ones, so that she has always a supply." These two cases are doubtless extreme ones, but they illustrate the fact that every woman can, if she choose, dress neatly and becomingly, though she expend but a small sum of money for dress.—Housekeeper.

HOME POISONING.

The Ordinary Pantry Is a Prolific Source of Danger to Good Foods.

It is very desirable that the conditions under which food may become poisonous should receive more practical consideration than they do. A well-known physician has called attention to some glaring defects in the location of food storerooms, which are worthy of attention. In house construction the position of the pantry is too often treated as of minor importance. In some houses the space under the stairs or some equally unsuitable and inadequately lighted and ventilated place is thought good enough for the purpose. In a great number the pantry is a small offshoot from the house, the ceiling, floor and walls often being damp, owing to faulty construction; in some of these matters are rendered worse by the water taps being placed therein without any provision being made for carrying away the droppings from the tap or overflow, from vessels into which the water is run. One of the most frequent entries in his inspection notebook is "defective yard pavement," permitting of soakage of filth into the soil underneath. Not only is the soil thus rendered a good breeding ground for pathogenic microbes, but it also supplies those conditions requisite for increased virulence.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

LOADS OF TRAMP STEAMERS.

Ocean Craft That Are Looked Upon by Regular Liners as Vagabonds in Commerce.

It is not unusual to see steamers setting out upon a passage across the north Atlantic during the winter months in such light trim that only a little more than half the screw propeller is in the water. Even when such contrary weather and seas as may be called rough are encountered by them in this trim they soon become unmanageable, and even in the comparatively smooth waters of the Mediterranean they frequently cannot be made to face the wind and sea. In gales such as are to be expected in the Atlantic during winter life on board of these ships is nothing short of intolerable. As the vessel's stern is alternately raised and depressed while she pitches over the seas, the propeller is sometimes in the water and sometimes out of it. No being retarded in its rotary movement by the resistance of the water, it becomes, when in the latter position, a windmill, revolving for a few seconds at the rate of perhaps 300 or more revolutions per minute, instead of at its normal speed of about 60 or 70. While flying round at this terrific rate it is suddenly plunged into the water as the vessel's stern becomes immersed. Owing to the severe and varying strains thus exerted upon the machinery, and especially upon the shaft, this racing of the propeller is without doubt the direct cause of the majority of cases of machinery break-down at sea. The jarring and vibration caused by it loosen the rivets and plates in the stern and there are numerous cases on record in which this most serious of all defects has necessitated the cutting out and reriveting of many plates aft.

It must be remembered that fully a half of the journeyings of the modern cargo tramp must be made in ballast. The outward freight from European countries are small when compared with those sent thither from other lands, and, moreover, the various regular liners, as a rule, secure all the European export trade. The cargo steamer consequently spends a good deal of her time going about between different places empty or nearly so. During these freightless voyages their water ballast place will be filled and they will on starting from Europe probably have on board sufficient fuel to last them out and back. This coal will, of course, be placed as near as possible to the boilers, which are located in the center of the ship. On the outward run by far the greater portion of the weight—engines, boilers and fuel—is thus placed amidships, and this disposal combined with the pitching and pounding already described has a tendency to depress the middle of the hull and to exert upon it a series of strains exactly the reverse of those imposed when the vessel is loaded for the return passage to Europe. Several cases are known in which the plating of cargo steamers has been so tried by these alternating strains as to crack it half way between the center and the ends of the ship.

Another characteristic of these craft, while in light or ballast trim, is their rapid and violent rolling, which again contributes to the severe straining of the hull. The rolling is due to the abnormally low center of gravity, the ballast being almost entirely at the bottom of the vessel. Apart from the injury caused to the hull by this straining influence and the detriment to the vessel's speed the rolling motion is probably the most trying of the many inconveniences which the crews of these freighters have to endure. Before the laws of wave oscillation were formulated it was not nearly so common as it is at present, and notwithstanding the possibility of remedying this defect designers have as yet done nothing to overcome it. This rolling of the vessel, pounding of the hull and racing of the screw convert the empty ocean tramp into a pandemonium of unearthly sounds, and when this unearthly din is continued for some time, as is frequently the case, the effect produced upon the crew is that of complete despondency. There are times when owing to the heavy seas, which are the leading characteristic of winter in the north Atlantic, no food can be cooked for days; when men, relaxing their grip of some stationary object, are liable to be thrown across the deck and injured, if not killed; when firing the boilers becomes next to an impossibility; when sleep is not to be had for days consecutively. As these helpless pendulums swing with terrifying rapidity through an arc of 90 degrees or more and drive away at right angles to the direction in which they are supposed to go life becomes indeed a veritable burden.—Forum.

Fuel for Force

Your body must have force, nervous force, muscular force, digestive force. Fat is the fuel used to supply this force. If you are weak in any of these forces, use more fuel.

The cod-liver oil in Scott's Emulsion is the best fuel for this work. Your nerves grow stronger, your muscular power increases, and your digestion improves.

50c. and $1.00, all druggists.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

OATH OF THE BOERS.

The Holy Covenant Which Binds Burghers of the Transvaal in Peace and War.

This peculiar solemn pledge was subscribed at a meeting held by them on April 12, 1870, Wonderfontein, in the Transvaal, and is given as reproduced in the Natal Witness:

"In the presence of Almighty God, the Searcher of Hearts, and praying for His gracious assistance and mercy, we, burghers of the South African republic, have solemnly agreed for us and our children to unite in a holy covenant, which we confirm with a solemn oath. It is now 40 years ago since our fathers left the Cape Colony to become a free and independent people. These 40 years were 40 years of sorrow and suffering. We have founded Natal, the Orange Free State and the South African republic (Transvaal), and three times has the English government trampled on our liberty, and our flag, baptized with the blood and tears of our fathers, has been pulled down. As by a thief in the night has our free republic been stolen from us. We cannot suffer this, and we may not. It is the will of God that the unity of our fathers and our love to our children should oblige us to deliver unto our children, unblemished, the heritage of our fathers. It is for this reason that we here unite and give each other the hand as men and brethren, solemnly promising to be faithful to our country and people, and, looking unto God, to work together unto death for the restoration of the liberty of our republic. So truly help us, God Almighty."

LOCAL TIME CARD.

ERIE R. R.

No.	WEST.	DEPART
5	Vestibule limited, daily for Chicago and the West	11:23 a m
3	Pacific express, daily for Chicago and the West	1:12 a m
7	Express, daily except Sunday, for Chicago and the West	9:10 a m
1	Local freight, daily ex. Sunday	7:00 a m
8	Wells-Fargo lim'd express, daily except Monday	4:59 p m
	EAST.	
6	Vestibule limited, daily for New York and Boston	9:02 p m
2	Express, daily except Sunday	3:24 p m
12	Express, daily for New York	3:41 a m
32	Local freight daily ex. Sunday	7:00 a m

P., Ft. W. & C. R. R

Change of time on Pennsylvania Line.

Under a new schedule in effect Nov. 19th, 1899. Passenger trains over the Pennsylvania Lines leave Lima station as follows:

For the East	No. 6	leaves at		*7:15 a m
	" 36	"	"	10:31 a m
	" 20	"	"	*2:54 p m
	" 8	"	"	9:50 p m
	" 2	"	"	10:45 p m
For the West	No. 15	leaves at		1:50 a m
	" 5	"	"	3:38 a m
	" 39	"	"	*9:40 a m
	" 9	"	"	*2:31 p m
	" 35	"	"	*5:21 p m

*Denotes Change.

F M EAKIN, Ticket Agent.

C., H. & D. R. R.

In effect June 25 1899, at 4:45 o'clock

No.	NORTH.	
18	arrives daily	1:50 a m
14	arrives " except Sunday	5:55 a m
2	arrives " except Sunday	8:15 a m
4	leaves "	11:57 a m
16	arrives " except Sunday	4:35 p m
10	arrives "	8:00 p m
68	" Sunday only	9:55 a m
60	Sunday only	7:40 a m
No.	SOUTH.	
7	arrives daily	2:05 a m
11	leaves " except Sunday	5:45 a m
1	leaves " except Sunday	9:20 a m
5	leaves "	12:41 p m
3	leaves "	4:00 p m
13	arrives "	7:45 p m
65	Sunday only, leaves	7:30 p m

L. E. W.

East—Leave daily 7:30 p. m. Leav daily except Sunday, 6:00 a. m and 1:45 p. m West—Leave daily 9:00 a. m. Daily except Sunday 2:40 a. m Sandusky accommodation arrives at 7:00 p. m.

D. & L. N. R. R.

Taking effect Oct. 8, 1899.

Passenger trains of the Detroit & Lima Northern arrive and depart from Lima as follows:

NO.	ARRIVES
1, Detroit, Adrain and Lima	1:15 p m
3, Detroit, Adrain and Lima	10:00 p m
NO.	LEAVES
2, Lima, Leipsic, Adrain and Detroit	6:00 a m
4, Lima, Leipsic, Adrain and Detroit	3:00 p m
For Lakeview, Bellefontaine, etc., leave via O S R R	4:35 a m
From Lakeview, Bellefontaine, etc., arrives via O S R R	10:55 a m

All trains daily except Sunday. South bound trains depart from Bellefontaine avenue.

"I had dyspepsia fifty-seven years and never found permanent relief till I used Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. Now I am well and feel like a new man," writes S J Fleming, Murray, Neb. It is the best digestant known. Cures all forms of indigestion. Physicians everywhere prescribe it. H. F. Vortcamp, northeast corner Main and North streets.

THE NICKEL PLATE ROAD.

Offers one fare for the round trip to Philadelphia, Pa. Nov. 14th and 25th, account the National Export Exposition. Tickets available going only on date of sale and returning within ten days from date of issue. Your choice of a Peerless Trio of Daily Express Trains. Secure sleeping car reservations early.

Dr H H Haden, Summit, Ala., says, "I think Kodol Dyspepsia Cure is a splendid medicine. I prescribe it, and my confidence in it grows with continued use." It digests what you eat and quickly cures dyspepsia and indigestion. H F Vortkamp north east cor. Main and North streets.

REDUCED RATES

For Thanksgiving Day Trips via Pennsylvania Lines.

For the accommodation of persons wishing to make Thanksgiving Day trips, excursion tickets will be sold at any ticket station of the Pennsylvania Lines to stations on those lines within a radius of 150 miles of selling point. Tickets will be on sale November 29th and 30th, good returning until December 1st, inclusive. For rates, time of trains, etc., apply to nearest Ticket Agent of the Pennsylvania Lines.

THANKSGIVING HOLIDAY, 1899.

Greatly reduced rates via the C H & D Ry. Tickets sold on November 29th and 30th, limited to December 1st for return. Ask your nearest C H & D Agent for full particulars regarding time of trains and rates.

LaGrippe, with its after effects, annually destorys thousands of people. It may be quickly cured by One Minute Cough Cure, the only remedy that produces immediate results in coughs, colds, croup, bronchitis, pneumonia and throat and lung troubles. It will prevent consumption.

H F Vortkamp, northeast corner of Main and North streets.

REDUCED RATES.

Thanksgiving Day Excursions

Via Erie Lines, excursion tickets will be sold at all stations of the Erie lines to points on those lines within a radius of 150 miles of selling station. Tickets on sale November 29th and 30th, good returning until December 1st inclusive. For rates and information concerning trains, apply to your ticket agent of the Erie railroad.

Th Nickl Plat Road

Offers one and one third fare for the round trip Nov. 29th and 30th, good returning until Dec. 1st inclusive, account Thanksgiving Day. Tickets available within a radius of 150 miles. Inquire agents.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

Miss Doshia Verbryke, is the regular collector for the NEWS, and subscribers are hereby notified to pay all subscriptions to her, as the carrier boys are not a lowed to receive money.

HOME SEEKERS EXCURSION.

The Erie R R Co will sell excursion tickets to points in west, northwest and south at low rate for Round trip. Date of sale Nov. 21st, Dec. 5th and 19th for points of sale Rates, trains & tc., apply to F M McCoy, agent.

J D Bridges, Editor "Democrat," Lancaster, N H, says: "One Minute Cough Cure is the best remedy for croup I ever used." Immediately relieves and cures coughs, colds, croup, asthma, pneumonia, bronchitis, grippe and all throat and lung troubles. It prevents consumption. H F Vortkamp northeast cor. Main and North streets

Now is the time to read advertising for holiday bargains.

IMPROVED SERVICE

To NEW ORLEANS, MEMPHIS and the SOUTH via

ILLINOIS CENTRAL

By the inauguration of its winter schedule effective Sunday, November 12th, the Illinois Central has made important changes in its train service to the South, including the time of departure of its fast train and the addition of a

New Fast Train

From Chicago and St. Louis to

Memphis and New Orleans

As outlined herein

From Chicago 2:50 a. m. 8:30 a. m. 5:30 p. m.

New Orleans Special No. 1 leaves Chicago daily at 8:30 a. m.; arrives Memphis at 10:50 p m the same evening, and New Orleans at 10:00 a. m. the next morning. It is a new through vestibule train making the run from Chicago to New Orleans in 25 minutes.

The Chicago and New Orleans Limited leaves Chicago at 5:30 p. m.; arrives Memphis 8:40 a. m. and New Orleans at 7:55 p m.

Southern Fast Mail—This train will continue to leave Chicago at 2:50 a. m. and is run as a through train to Memphis, arriving at 7:35 p m.

From St. Louis 8:00 a. m. 1:10 p. m. 8:44 p. m.

New Orleans Special, No. 201, leaves St Louis daily at 1:10 p. m arriving Memphis at 10:50 p m the same evening and New Orleans at 10:00 a. m. the next morning. Nashville and Memphis Express, No. 225, leaves St Louis at 8:00 a. m., arrives Memphis at 6:35 p. m. This train will carry the Through Equipment for Nashville via Martin and the N. C. & St. L. Ry. and will continue its connection for Paducah, arriving at 3:45 p. m.

Train No. 203, The Memphis and New Orleans Limited, The Dixie Flyer, will continue to leave same as at present, 8:44 p. m., arriving Memphis 8:40 a. m. New Orleans at 7:35 p. m. There is no change in the arrival of this train at Nashville, Chattanooga and Atlanta, and will continue as a solid train through to Nashville, the sleeping car running through to Jacksonville, Fla.

Further information concerning details of these changes, as well as any other information regarding routes, rates, etc., can be had of your home ticket agent or by addressing the undersigned.

A. H. HANSON, Gen'l Pass'r Ag't, Chicago.

The Free want column is open at all times to NEWS subscribers.



PROF. STANLEY will continue to enlarge portraits lifesize for *98 cents* UNTIL CHRISTMAS, hoping by this means to get acquainted with every person in Lima desirous of having work done. His pictures are equal to the best and hundreds of persons in the city can testify as to his honesty and square dealing. Come early and avoid the Christmas rush.

STUDIO.

109 East Wayne Street.

Our $29.00 Vermont Marble Monument

CUT THIS ADV. OUT AND SEND US $1.00 AND WE WILL SHIP THIS Magnificent Marble Monument C. O. D. SUBJECT TO APPROVAL By Freight WITH FREIGHT CHARGES FULLY PREPAID.

You May Examine the Monument and if found exactly as represented and fully satisfactory, pay the agent our price, less the $1.00 deposit.

No. 427905 Order by Number.



NO SUCH MONUMENT TO BE HAD ELSEWHERE FOR LESS THAN $50.00 to $60.00.

SAVE $20.00 TO $30.00

AND GET THE GENUINE FLORENCE MARBLE, a marble similar to the famous Italian marble and warranted equal to it in fineness and stability and beauty of color.

THE MARBLE IN THIS MONUMENT is obtained in sawed blocks from the celebrated Royal Blue Marble Quarries of Vermont. In the marble mill it is cut, polished, carved and traced with the latest and most economical devices in the hands of the most expert and artistic marble workers that money will employ.

WE BUY OUR MARBLE in immense quantities for spot cash. We buy the best there is to be had anywhere at less than half cost to retailers, and by the employment of expert labor and economical machinery are able to lay this monument down at your depot at about HALF RETAIL PRICES.

WE PAY THE FREIGHT. OUR PRICE OF $29.00 is for this elegant and imposing Monument laid down at your local freight depot with all freight charges fully prepaid THIS BEAUTIFUL MARBLE MONUMENT is made in the following special size: BOTTOM BASE—1 foot 4 inches square and 8 inches high. REGULAR BASE—1 foot square and 6 inches high. SHAFT—2 feet 6 inches high and 8 inches square. THE TOTAL HEIGHT, including Bottom Base, Regular Base and Shaft, is 3 feet 8 inches.

REMEMBER that every piece and part of this Monument is of fine Florence Marble.

DO NOT COMPARE it with those sold by dealers where the Bottom Base is made of third quality marble, or even of sandstone, and shaft is made of an inferior marble with flaws and imperfections.

REMEMBER The... monument will be polished, carved and traced just as shown in the illustration and one of the handsomest designs ever put on the market.

$29.00 is the lowest price ever known for a Genuine Marble Monument anything like this size and quality

LETTERING FREE. When full cash is sent with order we will carve name and date of birth and death of deceased FREE OF ALL CHARGE.

We issue an elegant 40-page Catalogue of Tombstones and Monuments, quoting handsome Marble Grave Markers at $0.98 up to magnificent monuments at $965.00. This Catalogue is free. Send for it. SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO. (Inc.) Chicago, Ill.

Old Age Postponed.



TRADE MARK Palmo Tablets CURE NERVOUS DEBILITY.

The seat of Nervous Diseases is at base of brain. When the nerve cells at this point waste, a terrible decline of the system occurs. Nervous Debility, Atrophy, Varicocele, Failing Memory, Pain in Back Dyspepsia, Insomnia, Etc., are symptoms of this condition. Neglected it results in Paresis, Insanity, or Consumption. Palmo Tablets cure these ills by renewing the starved cells, checking all drains and replacing weakness with strength and stability. 50c a box; 12 boxes (with iron-clad guarantee) $5.00. Send for Free Book. HALSID DRUG CO., CLEVELAND, O.

H. F. Vortkamp, north-east Corner Main and North Streets.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

COMING.

Dr. France's chief consulting and examining physician of The France Medical Institute by request will visit the following towns on dates named. Consultation free and invited.

LIMA, OHIO, LIMA HOUSE,

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 28, 1899

FROM 9 A. M. to 5 P. M.

CINCINNATI, PALACE HOTEL, SUNDAY AND MONDAY OF EACH WEEK. . . . .

The Greatest Living Physician was a Specialist.

The France Physicians are all Specialists.

One who places his whole energies to studying and practicing some particular disease. Our long experience, remarkable Skill and Universal Success for the past twenty years entitle us to the full confidence of the afflicted. It costs no more to employ an expert than to risk your life with an Inexperienced Physician. No money required of reponsible parties to commence treatment.



THE FRANCE SYSTEM OF TREATMENT.

The Science of Medicine has improved wonderfully during the last few years, and for this great progress we are indebted chiefly to those physicians who have confined their researches to a comparatively limited field.

For twenty years Dr. France, aided by many trained assistants, has been investigating in a new and original manner the nature and treatment of obscure and chronic diseases.

During this period a complete record has been preserved for study, reference and comparison, of nearly fifty thousand affections. The study of this vast number of disorders has led to many discoveries regarding their true nature and best methods of treatment. Our remarkable success in this comparatively limited field has resulted in an immense practice. We have constantly under treatment hundreds of patients from every state and territory in the United States, Canada, British Columbia and Mexico. Dr. France is aided by a large corps of trained medical assistants, and also by many consulting physicians, among whom are some of the ablest specialists.

After twenty years' experience, the France System of Treatment has been found most successful in the cure of chronic diseases. It is a harmless home treatment, and acting as an adjunct to the skill of the France physicians, the following diseases quickly give way to its remarkable curative effects:

Kidneys and Bladder. The kidneys and bladder are the great blood purifiers of the system, as they carry off the effete and poisonous matter that would otherwise clog and vitiate the whole economy. When these organs are impaired direful results soon follow. If your urine is highly colored, milky, or very clear and watery; if it is passed often or with pain; if it is too scant or too abundant; if it casts a sediment of white, ropy, or brick dust appearance; if you have pains in the back—do not neglect these warnings of danger. The France System of Treatment cures all disorders resulting from deranged kidneys and bladder by restoring these organs to the performance of their proper functions, thus eliminating disease from the system by nature's own process.

Diseases of the Digestive Organs. The following symptoms are characteristic of a diseased condition of the stomach and liver, and should receive prompt attention: Souring of the food, with a bad taste in the mouth; heartburn, or pain in the region of the heart; tired, dry feeling in the mouth and stomach after eating; pain or tenderness in the pit of the stomach; eructations of gas or of sour, bitter, or tasteless water; pain or tenderness in the right side; numbness or pain in the right arm near the shoulder; dizziness or a dull, heavy sensation in the head; aching or heaviness around the eyes, with blurred vision; despondency or a morbid fear of death. The France System of Treatment cures, because the remedies are prepared to meet the special needs of each case.

Lung Diseases. If you have weak, tender or irritable lungs; if you take cold easily, or have pains in the lungs or chest; if your hands or feet are unnaturally hot; if you have a tickling sensation in the throat and cough frequently, whether the cough is short and dry, or loose, with expectoration; if you are losing flesh and strength—you have no time to waste in experimenting with cough syrups, cod liver oil, or any of the new-fangled consumption cures. If you come in time, the France System of Treatment will cure you, as it has cured hundreds of others. If you delay too long, nothing can save you.

Catarrh. Any person who takes cold easily is sure to have catarrh, and the only way to cure catarrh is by the use of both local and constitutional treatment, adapted to each individual case, so as not only to heal the diseased mucous membranes, but also to correct the constitutional tendency to colds. Neglected catarrh affects the ears, causing head noises and deafness; the eyes, causing suffusion and partial loss of sight; the throat and bronchial tubes, causing cough and bronchitis; the lungs, causing consumption; the stomach, causing dyspepsia; the kidneys, causing inflammation, burning and scalding urine, etc.; the rectum, vagina, and womb, causing inflammation, ulceration, and mucous discharges. Permanent cures are effected by the France System of Treatment, because it is based upon long and successful experience, aided by the best modern facilities.

Nervous Diseases. Diseases of the Nervous System require the highest degree of medical skill for successful treatment. Epilepsy, Chorea or St. Vitus Dance, Paralysis in its various forms, Hysteria, Spinal Irritation, Nervous Debility, Nervous Prostration, and other derangements or lesions of the nerves, brain, or spinal cord, are usually very obstinate and often regarded as incurable. The majority of cases are incurable by the ordinary methods, yet they yield readily to the powerful, but beneficent, influences of the France system of Treatment. The first thing in the treatment of these diseases is to locate the cause of the disease, which is often obscure. Science enables us to accomplish this, as well as to select the means of cure.

Diseases of Women. Probably two-thirds of all American women suffer with some of the diseases or derangements peculiar to the sex. Many of these sufferers think that there is no remedy, and that it is natural that they should be afflicted to a greater or less extent in this way. This is a mistake that has resulted from the lamentable failure of the ordinary methods of treatment. Women and girls who have any of the following symptoms should not despair, as they can be cured by the France System of Treatment: Numbness or coldness of one leg or foot, or both; pains in the lower part of the back; weakness or a bearing down or dragging sensation; sideache or pains in the loins, groins or across the lower bowels; irregularities, either too often or too long delayed, too little or too profuse; leucorrhea or any unnatural discharge, itching, inability to retain urine; hot, burning or scalding urine; sensation of a lump rising in the throat; nervousness and excitability; a hot spot or pain on the top of the head; capricious appetite; shortness of breath or sinking spells; sallow complexion; a dark circle under the eyes; loss of strength and vitality; languor and indifference. These and other distressing but too common symptoms, are not natural to a healthy woman, and ought not to be endured through ignorance, when relief and cure is at hand. Come and be convinced that we can cure you.

The world is full of weak, sickly women. Nine out of every ten are afflicted in some way. Hundreds and thousands are old in looks long before they are old in years.

Nature never intended that this should be so. She intended that women should be the most beautiful of all created things.

The daintiest flower that ever bloomed is not so lovely as a healthy, pink-cheeked woman. All the other beautiful things in creation combined are not her equal.

"A Wife's Secret," a new book just published. This book is fully illustrated with colored engravings, and contains much information and many facts of especial interest to women. By request we will send one book, "A Wife's Secret," FREE by mail, in a plain wrapper, to any one sending us their name and address.

WEAK AND DISEASED MEN.

Private and Sexual Diseases cured under a guarantee and forfeit of $1,000 for failure. Lost Manhood, Spermatorrhea, Seminal Weakness, Effects of Youthful Indiscretions and Sexual Excesses, Nervous Debility, Exhausted Vitality, Confusion of Ideas, Aversion to Society, Loss of Memory and Energy, Impotency, etc., quickly and permanently cured by an original and never-failing treatment. Gonorrhea, Syphilis, Gleet, Stricture, Hydrocele and Varicocele cured in the shortest possible time, without the use of mercury or hindrance from business. Cures guaranteed where others have failed. Low charges and consultation free; correspondence sacredly confidential. The France System of Local Treatment with Medicated Pad for Men is positively the most complete and successful known for weak and undeveloped organs.

In curing a disease of any kind we never fail to remove all reflex complications. If the case is Varicocele, the weakness caused by it disappears. If it is Stricture, and has developed into Prostatic Bladder or Kidney affections, the injured organs are all restored to a perfectly healthy condition. If it is Contagious Blood Poison, any and all Skin, Blood and Bone diseases arising from the taint are entirely and permanently eliminated from the system. If it is Nervous Debility, the many symptoms that follow in its train, indicating premature decay of physical and mental power, are totally removed and speedily replaced by the youthful vigor of robust manhood.

Most cases can be successfully treated at home. One personal visit is preferred, but if it is impossible or inconvenient for you to call, write a full and unreserved history of your case, plainly stating your symptoms.

COMING! By request, our examining Physician will visit the Hotel on the above date. The afflicted are invited to call; the doctor will fully explain the treatment. **Consultation free, personally or by letter.** All communications strictly confidential. Send for book, which explains in full—sent sealed in plain envelope. Write, or call on date above named.

In writing for Symptom Blanks or Advice, address

P. O. BOX 766,

DR. EDSON FRANCE, COLUMBUS, O.

AMAZING ADVENTURE

Story of a Cast-Away Ships' Crew as Related by Mark Twain.

The Survival of Every Person in the Boat the Most Remarkable in History of Adventures of This Kind.

The title of Mark Twain's story, "My Debut as a Literary Person," gives no idea of the terrible tragedy of which it tells. In May, 1866, a merchantman was destroyed by fire at sea, and the crew and two passengers put off in three boats, with rations for ten days. Two of the boats were lost, but the captain's, with 15 frightfully emaciated men aboard, reached the Hawaiian islands 43 days later, after a voyage of 4,000 miles or so. One of the two passengers still survives, and has long been a professor in Trinity college, Hartford. Mary Twain got the story from the survivors, whom he accompanied from Honolulu to San Francisco.

"It is an amazing adventure. There is nothing of its sort in history that surpasses it in impossibilities made possible. In one extraordinary detail—the survival of every person in the boat—it probably stands alone in the history of adventures of its kind. Usually merely a part of a boat's company survive—officers, mainly, and other educated and tenderly reared men, unused to hardship and heavy labor; the untrained, roughly reared, hard workers succumb. But in this case even the rudest and roughest stood the privations and miseries of the voyage almost as well as did the college-bred young brothers and the captain. I mean, physically. The minds of most of the sailors broke down in the fourth week and went to temporary ruin, but physically the endurance exhibited was astonishing. Those men did not survive by any merit of their own, of course, but by merit of the character and intelligence of the captain; they lived by the mastery of his spirit. Without him they would have been children without a nurse. They would have exhausted their provisions in a week, and their pluck would not have lasted even as long as the provisions.

"The boat came near to being wrecked at the last. As it approached the shore the sail was let go, and came down with a run; then the captain saw that he was drifting swiftly toward an ugly reef, and an effort was made to hoist the sail again; but it could not be done; the men's strength was wholly exhausted; they could not even pull an oar. They were helpless, and death imminent. It was then that they were discovered by the two Kanakas who achieved the rescue. They swam out and manned the boat and piloted her through a narrow and hardly noticeable break in the reef—the only break in it in a stretch of 35 miles! The spot where the landing was made was the only one in that stretch where footing could have been found on the shore; everywhere else precipices came sheer down into 40 fathoms of water. Also, in all that stretch this was the only spot where anybody lived.

"Within ten days after the landing all the men but one were up and creeping about. Properly, they ought to have killed themselves with the 'food' of the last few days—some of them, at any rate—men who had freighted their stomachs with strips of leather from old boots and with chips from the butter-cask; a freightage which they did not get rid of by digestion, but by other means. The captain and the two passengers did not eat strips and chips, as the sailors did, but scraped the boot-leather and the wood, and made a pulp of the scrapings by moistening them with water. The third mate told me that the boots were old and full of holes; then added thoughtfully, 'but the holes digested the best.' Speaking of digestion, here is a remarkable thing, and worth noting: during this strange voyage, and for awhile afterward on shore, the bowels of some of the men virtually ceased from their functions; in some cases there was no action for 20 and 30 days, and in one case for 44! Sleeping also came to be rare. Yet the men did very well without it. During many days the captain did not sleep at all—21, I think, on one stretch.

"When the landing was made, all the men were successfully protected from overeating except the 'Portyghee;' he escaped the watch and ate an incredible numbr of bananas; a hundred and fifty-two, the third mate said, but this was undoubtedly an exaggeration; I think it was 151. He was already nearly full of leather; it was hanging out of his ears. (I do not state this on the third mate's authority, for we have seen what sort of person he was; I state it on my own.) The 'Portyghee' ought to have died, of course, and even now it seems a pity that he didn't; but he got well, and as early as any of them; and all full of leather, too, the way he was, and butter-timber and handkerchiefs and bananas. Some of the men did eat handkerchiefs in these last days, also socks; and he was one of them."—Century.

Dream.

The rich, handsome, talented stranger prostrates himself at the feet of the beautiful cashier in the laundry.

"Be mine!" he implores.

"Am I dreaming?" the young girl asks herself, anxiously.

She had not long to remain in doubt. For she presently spurns the rich, talented, handsome stranger and marries the bow-legged boiler-maker to whom she had plighted her troth.

This, of course, makes it a cinch that she is dreaming.—Detroit Journal.

Some Health Hints.

Thick blood causes colds and countless other diseases. Keep the lungs active by deep breathing, the skin by baths and friction, the kidneys by free draughts of warm water, the bowels by correct eating and the blood will be pure.—Chicago Chronicle.

MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS.

Philadelphia will add 400 officers to its police force.

Hartford, Conn., is building a million-dollar bridge.

Philadelphia has decided to allow motocycles in the parks.

There are 1,135 miles of railway in Cuba, 551 miles of which are controlled by British companies.

The Ancient Mechanical Society of Baltimore celebrated its one hundred and thirty-sixth anniversary recently.

An attack of melancholia caused Mrs. Samuel Miller, of Portchester, N. Y., to cut off her tongue with a pair of scissors.

The best maple sirup comes from the north side of the tree, but the flow is not so large as when the tree is tapped on the south side.

On the big steamer Oceanic there is no seat at the table marked 13, nor no cabin bearing that number. This is a concession to superstition.

Thunder storms are more frequent in Iowa than in any other part of the world. The average is only about every fourth day. Sumatra has 86 in a year, and Rio Janeiro 51.

First-class passengers in England have increased only ten per cent. in ten years, while the number of the third-class passengers has increased 41 per cent. Out of 1,063,000,000 passengers traveling with regular tickets excluding commutation tickets, 963,673,-996 went in third-class compartments; 66,199,930 in second-class and 33,037,-199 in first-class compartments, so that out of 100 travelers, only three went first-class, six second-class and 91 third-class.

GIRLS, KEEP YOUNG.

Though Hard to Realize at the Time Youth Is the Best Time of Life.

"Mother wants to keep me a baby until I am 20," pouted a girl of 14, whose wise mother wanted to have her retain the loosely-flowing locks and the youthful simple garments suitable to her years for a couple of seasons longer. This complaint is very frequently heard coming from the lips of maidens who are to be envied owing to their adorable youth, the very thing they despise. The rosy flush, the slight figure, the clear eyes will never belong to them but once. Once only can a woman be young. Do not forget this, girls, so anxious to put behind you the one period of your existence when the sun shines as it never will again, and when the birds sing with a sweeter meaning than will be heard when the morning has passed and high noon with the greater heat and pressure of the burdens of life has rushed upon you. Isn't every young thing sweeter and purer than the world-hardened, older ones of the same specie? Look at the lambs at play, note the tender green leaves that shoot out in their innocent verdure from the old winter seasoned branches. Kittens and chicks and young birds are the most appealing creatures, and when one comes to babies there never can be in all this lovely world anything so sweet and loveable as a dear little dimpled baby.

Therefore, girls, stay young. You may have to bear some inconveniences of restraint owing to your extreme youth, but the time will come when you will long for these incidentals of the youthfulness that will have passed away from you forever.—Detroit Free Press.

Baby's Hair.

Sometimes a few hints are worth untold millions to a poor, perplexed young mother, with no fond and experienced grandmother within call to cut the gordian knot of an unexpected nursery problem. In consequence baby may often suffer inconvenience and pain while the doting mamma is doctoring the soft, silky down with which his little head is covered. As every one of experience knows, baby's scalp is very sensitive, and the bones of the skull are not completely closed up until baby is almost two years old, and when any wise woman advocates the use of alcohol for the purpose of promoting the growth of the hair or keeping the scalp free from all baby ailments, alent scurvy should appear on the head, despite the care and daily washings, do not rub it with alcohol or use a fine-tooth comb for loosening it, but apply frequent and homoeopathic doses of, vaseline until the trouble has all disappeared and the little head is free from all disfigurements. Vaseline will also promote the growth of the hair and make it come in thicker and more silky.—N. Y. Herald.

Liberty of Guests.

The ideal hostess is she who permits her guests some measure of local option or of individual liberty. She does not insist on their accompanying her on excursions to which they do not want to go; neither does she remain at home with them if she discovers they are only accepting out of politeness. If she is unsuccessful in ascertaining what the visitors prefer in the way of being entertained, she has the grace to leave them to their own devices. The schedule of the day is laid out at breakfast, if not the evening before. Those who do not care to drive or sail are allowed "the liberty of the subject," as they say in England. A too strenuous hospitality is a terror to its victim. There is a happy medium between being a "whipper-in" and a neglectful hostess. —Baltimore News.

Getting Even.

Friend—How did you fellows come to decide against Lawyer Roorback's client? All the testimony was in his favor and Roorback's address was a masterly effort.

Juryman — Huh! He began his speech by sayin' that a word to the wise was sufficient and then talked two solid hours.—Judge.

SEND US ONE DOLLAR Cut this ad. out and send to us with $1.00, and we will send you this NEW IMPROVED PARLOR GEM ORGAN, by freight C. O. D., subject to examination. You can examine it at your nearest freight depot, and if you find it exactly as represented, the greatest value you ever saw and far better than organs advertised by others at more money, pay the freight agent OUR PRICE $35.50, less the $1.00 deposit, or $34.50 and freight charges. THE PARLOR GEM is one of the most DURABLE AND SWEETEST TONED instruments ever made. From the illustration shown, which is engraved direct from a photograph you can form some idea of its beautiful appearance. Made from solid quarter sawed oak or walnut as desired, perforated key slip, full panel body, beautiful marquetry design panels and many other handsome decorations and ornaments, making it the VERY LATEST STYLE. THE PARLOR GEM is 6 feet high, 42 inches long, 23 inches wide and weighs 350 pounds. Contains 5 octaves, 11 stops, as follows: Diapason, Principal, Dulciana, Melodia, Celeste, Cremona, Bass Coupler, Treble Coupler, Diapason Forte and Vox Humana; 2 Octave Couplers, 1 Tone Swell, 1 Grand Organ Swell, 4 Sets of Orchestral Toned Resonatory Pipe Quality Reeds, 1 Set of 37 Pure Sweet Melodia Reeds, 1 Set of 37 Charmingly Brilliant Celeste Reeds, 1 Set of 24 Rich Mellow Smooth Diapason Reeds, 1 Set of Pleasing Soft Melodious Principal Reeds. THE PARLOR GEM action consists of the Celebrated Newell Reeds, which are only used in the highest grade instruments; fitted with Hammond Couplers and Vox Humana, also best Dolge felts, leathers, etc., bellows of the best rubber cloth, 3-ply bellows stock and finest leather in valves. THE PARLOR GEM is furnished with a 10x14 beveled plate French mirror, nickel plated pedal frames, and every modern improvement. We furnish free a handsome organ stool and the best organ instruction book published.

GUARANTEED 25 YEARS. With every PARLOR GEM ORGAN we issue a written binding 25-year guarantee, by the terms and conditions of which if any part gives out we repair it free of charge. Try it one month and we will refund your money if you are not perfectly satisfied. 500 of these organs will be sold at $35.50. ORDER AT ONCE. DON'T DELAY.

OUR RELIABILITY IS ESTABLISHED If you have not dealt with us ask your neighbor about us, write the publisher of this paper or Metropolitan National Bank, or Corn Nat. Bank, of Chicago; or German Exchange Bank, New York; or any railroad or express company in Chicago. We have a capital of over $700,000.00, occupy entire one of the largest business blocks in Chicago, and employ nearly 2,000 people in our own building. WE SELL ORGANS AT $22.00 and up; PIANOS, $116.00 and up; also everything in musical instruments at lowest wholesale prices. Write for free special organ, piano and musical instrument catalogue. Address, (Sears, Roebuck & Co. are thoroughly reliable.—Editor.)

SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO. (Inc.), Fulton, Desplaines and Wayman Sts., CHICAGO, ILL.



DIRECTORY
Of Business Houses

The wide awake busin[illegible] Lima recognize [illegible] a small advert[illegible] NEWS.

[illegible]

RESTAURANT AND SALOON [illegible] warm and cold lunch in the [illegible] at all hours. Old Wines, Whisky and [illegible] Beer always on tap. THE ELM 438 north Main street.

CAPITOL SALOON And Restaurant, 314 North Main street, fine Wines, Liquors and Ice Cold Lager Beer.

FURNITURE STORES.

Highest prices paid for second hand furniture, carpets stoves, watches and jewelry and cast-off Gents clothing. Bargains in second hand goods and safes at 128 east Market St. Give me a call and be convinced. A. B. Atkinson.

LUMBER, COAL AND ICE.

Conrath & Hover, cor north and Central avenue. 'Phones 372 and 266 for Lumber and Coal at popular prices.

Call on the Lima Ice & Coal company for Pure Spring water Ice. Phones 104 or 451.

Lynn B. Dana, Teacher of Piano and Theory. Room 30 Opera House Block, 2nd floor. New 'Phone 588.

INSURANCE.

Prudential Insurance Company, Home office, Newark, New Jersey. Branch office Rooms 1 and 2 GAZETTE Block. A Noonan Superintendant.

INSURANCE.

Prudential Insurance Company, Home office, Newark New Jersey, Branch office room 1 and 2 Gazette block.

BARBER SHOPS.

The best place in Lima for a Hair Cut or Shave is at Ed. Gast's, 108 East Spring st.

Chas. Tucker, Watchmaker. Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired. No. 136 north Main street, T. N. Cunningham's drug store.

LIVERY AND TRANSFER.

J. C. Musser, Livery, Hack and Transfer line. No. 19 southwest corner of Public Square. Telephone 46, both lines.

BANKS.

The Commercial Bank, Samuel A. Baxter & Sons, Lima, Ohio. Bonds, Mortgages, Investments, General Banking.

STAR CARPET CLEANING WORKS.

Carpets, Feathers, Fur Rugs, Portiers and Matting, cleaned, renovated and sterilized, making them free of all germs, moths, etc. Old carpets remade, laid and refitted. Wool carpet bought and sold. Free delivery. Carl Boegel, Prop., 430 north Pierce St. Phone 595-492.

PORTRAIT ENLARGING.

In any style; India Ink, Water Colors, Pastel, &c. by Prof. F A Stanley. Any person desirious of takin: lessons in above arts will find terms reasonable. Call at the studio and ask to see the 16x20 India Ink portraits I am enlarging from any small picture for 98c. 109 E. Wayne street.

FLORIST.

Mrs. E. E. Rogers, Florist. Designing a specialty. Fresh-Cut Flowers daily. 'Phone 106 104 West Market street, Lima, O.

SPOUTING AND ROOFING.

Spouting and roofing work done on short notice. General roofing a specialty. New phones 370, 514 south Main street. Hugh Ranels.

FLOUR, FEED AND COAL.

E. H. Dorsey, 206 South Main street for Flour, Feed, Grain, Baled Hay and Straw, with Barrel Salt, Potatoes, Wood and Coal a Specialty. Our Motto: "Small profits and quick sales." Both 'Phones 457.

FURNITURE REPAIRERS.

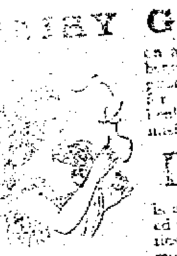
J. Reuth, 113 E. North street, will repair your Furniture carefully and with the best materials and workmanship.

FURNITURE REPAIRERS.

Furniture repaired, refinished. Cane and cabinet work a specialty. Old mirrors replated, Sweeney & Green, 114 W. Spring street.

[illegible] GROWTH

On a woman's face [illegible]



Depilatine

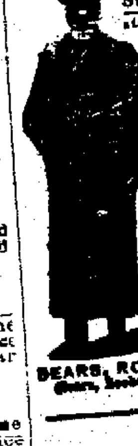
Is a harmless liquid warranted to be free from acid, caustic or poison, which will remove superfluous hair from [illegible] or body in three minutes without the slightest [illegible] or inconvenience. By occasional application [illegible] follicles are permanently eradicated [illegible] you will be pleased with results [illegible] by the "United States Health [illegible]

[illegible] sealed in plain case for $1.00 [illegible]

MME. [illegible], 23 DUANE STREET. NEW YORK

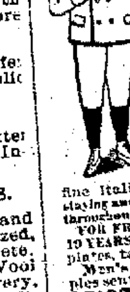
Trial bottle good for two applications sent postpaid on receipt of 10 cents in stamps.

$2.75 BOX RAIN COAT A REGULAR $5.00 WATER-PROOF MACKINTOSH for $2.75 SEND NO MONEY. Cut this ad. out and send to us, state your height and weight, state number of inches around body at breast, taken over vest under coat, close up under arms, and we will send you this coat by express, C.O.D., subject to examination. Examine and try it on at your nearest express office, and if found exactly as represented and the most wonderful value you ever saw or heard of, and equal to any coat you can buy for $5.00, pay the express agent OUR SPECIAL OFFER PRICE, $2.75, and express charges.



THIS MACKINTOSH is latest 1900 style, easy fitting, made from heavy waterproof, tan color, genuine Davis Covert Cloth; full length, double breasted, Sager velvet collar, fancy plaid lining, waterproof sewed seams. Suitable for both Rain or Overcoat, and guaranteed GREATEST VALUE ever offered by us or any other house. For Free Cloth Samples of Men's Mackintoshes up to $5.00, and Made-to-Measure Suits and Overcoats at from $5.00 to $10.00, write for FREE SAMPLE BOOK No. 90K. Address, SEARS, ROEBUCK & Co. (Inc.) CHICAGO. (Sears, Roebuck & Co. are thoroughly reliable.—Editor.)

$1.98 BUYS A $3.50 SUIT 3,000 CELEBRATED "NEVERWEAROUT" DOUBLE SEAT AND KNEE, REGULAR $3.50 BOYS' TWO-PIECE KNEE PANTS SUITS AT $1.98. A NEW SUIT FREE FOR ANY OF THESE SUITS WHICH DON'T GIVE SATISFACTORY WEAR. SEND NO MONEY, cut this ad. out and send to us, state age of boy and say whether large or small for age and we will send you the suit by express, C. O. D. subject to examination. You can examine it at your express office and if found perfectly satisfactory and equal to suits sold in your town for $3.50, pay your express agent our special Offer Price, $1.98, and express charges.



THESE KNEE PANT SUITS are for boys 4 to 15 years of age and are retailed everywhere at $3.50. Made with DOUBLE SEAT and KNEES, latest 1900 style as illustrated, made from a special heavy weight, wear-resisting, all-wool Stanton Cassimere, neat, handsome pattern, fine Italian lining, genuine Graydon interlining, padding, staying and reinforcing, silk and linen sewing, fine tailor-made throughout, a suit any boy or parent would be proud of. FOR FREE CLOTH SAMPLES of Boys' Clothing for boys 4 to 19 YEARS, write for Sample Book No. 85K, contains fashion plates, tape measure and full instructions how to order. Men's Suits made to order from $5.00 up. Samples sent free on application. Address, SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO. (Inc.), Chicago, Ill. (Sears, Roebuck & Co. are thoroughly reliable.—Editor.)

Kodol
Dyspepsia Cure

Digests what you eat.

It artificially digests the food and aids Nature in strengthening and reconstructing the exhausted digestive organs. It is the latest discovered digestant and tonic. No other preparation can approach it in efficiency. It instantly relieves and permanently cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Heartburn, Flatulence, Sour Stomach, Nausea, Sick Headache, Gastralgia, Cramps, and all other results of imperfect digestion.

Prepared by E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago.

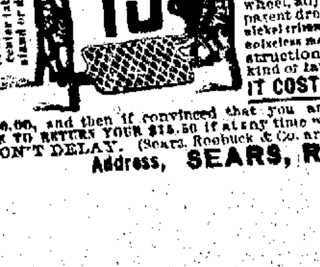
H. F. Vortkamp, Northeast corner Main and North streets.

SEND NO MONEY WITH YOUR ORDER, cut this ad. out and send to us and we will send you OUR HIGH GRADE DROP CABINET BURDICK SEWING MACHINE by freight, C.O.D. subject to examination. You can examine it at your nearest freight depot and if found perfectly satisfactory, exactly as represented, equal to machines others sell as high as $60.00, and THE GREATEST BARGAIN YOU EVER HEARD OF, pay your freight agent our Special Offer Price $15.50 and freight charges. Machine weighs 120 pounds and the freight will average 75 cents for each 500 miles. GIVE IT THREE MONTHS' TRIAL in your own home, and we will return your $15.50 any day you are not satisfied. We sell different makes and grades of Sewing Machines at $8.50, $10.00, $11.00, $12.00 and up, all fully described in our Free Sewing Machine Catalogue, but $15.50 for this DROP DESK CABINET BURDICK is the greatest value ever offered by any house.



BEWARE OF IMITATIONS by unknown concerns who copy our advertisements, offering unknown machines under various names, with various inducements. Write some friend in Chicago and learn who are reliable and who are not.

THE BURDICK has every MODERN IMPROVEMENT, EVERY GOOD POINT OF EVERY HIGH GRADE MACHINE MADE, WITH THE DEFECTS OF NONE. Made by the best makers in America, from the best material money can buy.



SOLID QUARTER SAWED OAK DROP DESK CABINET, piano polished. One illustration shows machine closed (head dropping from sight) to be used as a center table, stand or desk, the other open with full length table and head in place for sewing. 4 fancy drawers, latest 1899 skeleton frame, carved, paneled, embossed and decorated cabinet finish, finest nickel drawer pulls, rests on four casters, adjustable treadle, genuine Smyth iron stand. Finest large High Arm head, positive four motion feed, self threading vibrating shuttle, automatic bobbin winder, adjustable bearings, patent tension liberator, improved loose wheel, adjustable pressure foot, improved shuttle carrier, patent needle bar, patent dress guard, head is handsomely decorated and ornamented and beautifully nickel trimmed. GUARANTEED the lightest running, most durable and nearest noiseless machine made. Every known attachment is furnished and our Free Instruction Book tells just how anyone can run it and do either plain or any kind of fancy work. A 20-Years' Binding Guarantee is sent with every machine.

IT COSTS YOU NOTHING to see and examine this machine, compare it with those your storekeeper sells at $40.00 to $60.00, and then if convinced that you are saving $25.00 to $40.00, pay your freight agent the $15.50. WE TO RETURN YOUR $15.50 if at any time within three months you say you are not satisfied. ORDER TO-DAY. DON'T DELAY. (Sears, Roebuck & Co. are thoroughly reliable.—Editor.)

Address, SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO. (Inc.) Chicago, Ill.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

RECEIVER

For Faurot Property

Asked by the Bond Holders, Involving $375,000.

Plaintiff Prays For the Foreclosure of Its Security Holdings.

Believed to Be a Friendly Suit, and Intended For Settlement Purposes.

Saturday night there was filed in common pleas court a petition of unusual interest in the shape of a case with The Woodlawn avenue Savings and Loan Company, a corporation doing business in the City of Cleveland vs. Benjamin C. Faurot, and the prayer is no less than the request for a receiver for the said B. C. Faurot for the property covered in two mortgages in the sum of $325,000 and $50,000 respectively.

Plaintiff states that on October 24 1892, defendant executed to plaintiff 143 mortgage bonds for the sum of $5,000 each; fifty bonds for the sum of $1,000 each, the first bearing interest at the rate of eight per cent; the second at 6 per centum. Plaintiff further says that none of these bonds have been paid, and that there is due therefor, the entire principal, together with interest from November 15, 1893.

To secure these mortgage bond the defendant had given mortgages on a tract of land in the city of Lima known as inlots, Nos. 131 and 132; also 99 30-100 acres in Shawnee township; also another tract in said township containing 75 43-100 acres; also the premisies known as the opera house block, and electric light plant, with all appurtenances.

Plaintiff further states that the mortgagee should have the uses and benefits of such property, and should be impowered to collect all rents, incomes, insurance, etc., of said property, and to apply the profits on the interest, and when possible upon the principal of said bonds. Plaintiff further says that it has so done, but that the defendent has defaulted on the interest of said bonds since Nov. 15, 1893, and has wholly failed to pay any portion of the principal sum due thereon, or of the interest since that date. Plaintiff states that the defendent is now insolvent and the property of said conveyance is insufficient to discharge said mortgage debt, and that in order to enable said property to be successfully operated a receiver should be appointed to take charge thereof.

The Plaintiff therefore prays that this Honorable Court will appoint a receiver to take charge of, operate and maintain said property with like powers as those conferred on your petitioner by the terms of said mortgage; that final hearing the amount remaining due upon said bonds may be ascertained; that said mortgage be foreclosed, and said property sold to pay the amount so found due. Richie and Richie, attorneys for plaintiff.

A Friendly Litigation.

Attorneys representing the plaintiff were in the city Saturday in conference with Mr. Faurot, and the News has it on the best of authority that the suit is a friendly litigation, and entered for settlement purposes.

Surprise Your Wife by Sending Home a Garland Steel Range from Harman's.

MABEL SKIPPED

From the Marital Bed and was Absent Three Years.

Judge Robb made a man happy this morning. James H. Neise, in a petition for divorce stated that he was married to the woman, Mable Neise, on July 15, 1893. He alleged that Mabel vamoosed and for the past three years had not been in his presence.

The case was up for final hearing this morning. The fair wife was still gone, and did not appear in court. Judge Robb granted plaintiff a separation, and taxed him with the costs.

The place to buy good, Fresh Roasted Coffee is at the Lima Tea Co. because it's always fresh there, and they have the stock. 1-2t

LITTLE SON

Of Mrs. Amanda Wilson Died Yesterday Afternoon.

Wm. Newton, the nine-year-old son of Mrs. Amanda Wilson, 920 St. Johns avenue, died yesterday afternoon at 1:30 o'clock, after a two week's illness from inflammatory rheumatism.

The remains will be taken to Ada for interment, after short memorial services here tomorrow.

The Lima Tea Co are doing business in the same old stand, and we will possibly be there until after Christmas and ask as many to come and see us as can lend us their time to do so, you must not infer from this that we expect to move. The only thing that would make us move would be that we could not pay our rent. We have lots of good Tea and Coffee and lots of pretty dishes, and want you to come and see us. 1-2t

If you want a pretty bunch of Chrysanthemums for Thanksgiving, go to J. W. Remagen's store, 133 East Hight street.

TO THE PUBLIC.

The regular Thanksgiving collection in the Public Schools in Lima will be taken Tuesday and Wednesday of this week. The money is for the purpose of supplying indigent school children with shoes. Clothing also accepted. By aiding this fund you will be the means of keeping many poor children in school. Very Res'y, C. C. Miller, Supt. Schools.

BEFORE YOU BUY TURKEYS

Get Ingledue's prices. Don't fail.

A Big Deal. The New Norval Sold

More than three car loads of furniture and other hotel supplies by one of our merchants. The outfit consists of elegant oxidized copper bedsteads, golden oak dressers and washstands, the finest upholstered box springs, and the celebrated elastic felt mattresses, bed room chairs and rockers, dining tables and chairs and sideboard, office desks, tables and settees, billiard chairs, etc., beautiful decorated china for the dining room, white china for the bedrooms, glassware for the table and bar, a mammoth double oven Horn steel range for the kitchen with steam table, carving table, pastry oven, coffee and tea urns and a complete kitchen outfit of the most approved patterns.

This sale was made by F. E. Harman, 213 and 215 north Main street, and not without competition. By securing the order he demonstrated that he was in a position to meet any competition on large orders as well as small ones. No stock in Lima offers such variety of styles, beauty of designs and finish as this store. If you are going to housekeeping it will pay you to go through this store, and if you do you will be sure to buy there.

YOU'LL BE SORRY

If you don't get Ingledue's prices on turkeys before you buy.

Leave Order at Watson's for Thanksgiving Turkeys.

WHISPERS,

Sweet as the Cooings From Cupid, Given Her.

A Dream of Bliss Destroyed by the Interference of a Man Already a Husband.

Wm T Murray vs Harvey and Sarah Rumbaugh is the tittle of the case being tried today in the common pleas court. From the petition of the plaintiff it is learned that the married life of Mr and Mrs William T Murray was a blissful dream for a short time only, and was rudely disturbed by the entrance on the scene of Harvey Rumbaugh, already a husband, Plaintiff states that he was married to Amanda Murray on August 24, 1893, and lived happily with her in a home he prepared in the village of Harrod, until June 1, 1896.

Plaintiff further says that the existence with his wife was a realisty of bliss until the date spoken above, and that Amanda bestowed upon him a sufficiency of love and affection, and from the marriage day until this date his wife never entered a single complaint against him, and further states that he has the means to care for her and desires so to do. Plaintiff continuing says that the defendants have maliciously and wickedly contrived to injure plaintiff, and endeavored to deprive him of the comfort, and society of his wife, thus destroying his happiness and peace; and that by their machinations they have succeeded in inducing the wife to leave him, which she did on June 20, 1893, taking some personal goods, and has since resided in Beaverdam, away from his home and fireside.

Plaintiff charges Harvey Rumbaugh with having endeavored to elope with plaintiff's wife, having told her that he (Rumbaugh) and her (Mrs Murray) could live together happily, and would fly to parts unknown, there to dwell in everlasting bliss. Plaintiff concluded by saying that owing to his home having been broken up and destroyed he has been greatly grieved and scandalized and asks for damages in the sum of $10,000.

In answer to the charges defendants deny that they have in any manner alienated the affections of the wife from her husband, the plaintiff.

Court Adjourns.

After the jury in this case had been empanelled, court adjourned until tomorrow morning at 9:30 o'clock. Attorney T. R. Hamilton and J. C. Ridenour represent the plaintiff, while Motter & McKenzie are conducting the defense. It will be seen that the conditions of Mr. Ridenour and Motter & Mackenzie are reversed from those they occupied in the White-Brewer case.

Men Who Will Decide.

The jury chosen for the case as determined, embrace the following citizens:

Hart Adgate, C. E. Thomas, W. J. Judkins, Henry Secrist, John Thompson, James Donahue, J. W. Manges, P. C. Beck, John Martin, Peter Spellacy, J. C. Musser, George Feltz.

SPECIAL THANKSGIVING SALE

On Chrysanthemums; they are both potted plants and cut flowers in all colors and sizes, at lowest prices. We invite you to see them before you buy. J. W. Remagen, 133 East High street.

Oreer your Thanksgiving Turkeys of Elmer Crossley

Your Thanksgiving dinner will not be complete without a bunch of Remagen's, 133 East High street.

Do you want the best Cheese? Get it at Watson's.

White China 25 Per Cent Discount, at F. E. Harman.

Bargains in Dinner Sets for Thanksgiving at Harman's.

THE SICK LIST.

E V Wells is confined to his home with a case of pleurisy.

Miss Cora Lawrence is seriously ill at her home on Greenlawn avenue with brain feyer and stomach trouble.

WE GIVE OUR CUSTOMERS A SHOW,

And advise those who have tickets for which they want a premium before Christmas, to come and get their tickets redeemed before many days, as even now the rush is on and it takes time to make a selection, therefore don't wait until just before Christmas. Our customers are aware that we sell dishes as well as give them away, and lots of them too, as our prices are right. Come and see us before our assortment is broken. 2t

TRIAL

Of Victims of Wayne Hotel Raid be Held Tomorrow Afternoon.

The trial of the women arrested at the Wayne Hotel, Friday night, will be held tomorrow afternoon at two o'clock before Mayor Prophet. They are charged with conducting and frequenting a house of ill fame.

FOR THANKSGIVING.

200 pounds of mince meat, 150 Turkeys, Ducks, Geese and Chickens and 20 galons of Oysters at Townsend's. Order early and he will not disappoint you.

New Nuts of all kinds at Watson's.

THE UNION Clothing and Shoe Co.

EXTRA SPECIAL.

The public is always looking to this store for the extraordinary. This applies to quality and style as well as to price; and The Union never disappoints. A recent purchase of finely tailored

OVERCOATS and SUITS

At closing-out prices, enables us to offer you some EXTRA SPECIAL values in high-grade, up-to-date Clothing.

50 Men's up-to-date Covert Overcoats, some lined and some fancy backed, in beautiful shades of Brown, Tan and Olive; coats that are selling everywhere at $12.00 to 15.00, we are offering at $7.90; sizes 33 to 44.

125 Black, Blue and Seal Brown Kersey and Beaver Overcoats, spun of finest all wool yarn, tailored handsomely and fit guaranteed; as fine coats as you have been paying $13.50 to 15.00 for; our extra special price $8.90.

100 Men's and Young Men's Heavy Blue Serge Suits, guaranteed color, and will not tear out in seams, single and double breasted Coats, with Vests of same style, worth $12.00, special $8.90.

For Men's and Young Men's Blue, Black and Fancy Mixed Scotch Cheviot Suits, worth every day in the year $10.00. Our price $6.85. These Suits are all wool.

SHOE BARGAINS.

This store is the Bargain Center for the Shoe buying public. Every Shoe above $1.25 a pair guaranteed; and you save here from 25 cents to $1.00 on every pair of Shoes you buy.

School Companion Free With Boys' and Girls' Shoes.

EVERY DAY NECESSITIES.

THINK IT OVER

And decide to give us a chance to furnish you with your SHOES. We carry a large stock and good styles to select from. As a

Suggestion To Men,

A pair of our leather lined heavy Tans or Box Calf would be a good sensible Shoe for this winter

For Ladies

Our heavy flexible sole ULTRA can't be beaten. We have also added to our stock the

Messenger

School Shoe. Try a pair for your boys. We also carry the best makes of rubber Goods.

F. B. Hover Shoe Co.

31 Public Square, Lima, O.

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